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INSURANCE

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REGD. NO. B. 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHIROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

INSURANCE

SWADESHI in INSURANCE is easy. INDIAN INSURANCE COMPANIES are ready with their service.

VOL XXI NO 97 BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, APRIL 26, 1933 TWELVE PAGES

Out Of The Gloaming.

With the arrival of M. Herriot at Washington, serious disarmament talks have begun. He has made a good beginning by asking for international security—his humble contribution to the problem.

* * * *

Whether it is security against armament or disarmament that he wants, nobody can say. But the joint statement made after the lucubrations of statesmen informs us that they first made a "thorough survey" of the "business of disarmament" and felt that the results would advance the ends they had in view.

* * * *

If the Conference advances to the same end that all similar conference have advanced to there wont be much of an advance at all.

* * * *

Sir Hugh Stephenson has come down to Rangoon post haste to give a personal touch to the discussion in the Burma Council on separation. His concern is very touching, but where Innes failed Stephenson is hardly likely to succeed

* * * *

The Muslim Conference and the Hindu Maha Sabha are still sitting on the fence, watching and waiting, before making up their mind whether to give evidence before the J.P.C. or not.

* * * *

Iqbal denies that he is waiting for the Hindus to give their decision first. It is General Moonje's turn now to give an equally flat denial and then they will be quits.

* * * *

The British Chancellor is making no arrangements for paying June and December instalments of debt to America. It is time for the United States to insist on "safeguards" and talk of "sanctity" of contracts and payments and so on.

* * * *

It is expected that a penny will be taken off the British workman's pint of beer. This is to stop him thinking more clearly about the problem he will be asked to solve at the polls next time.

* * * *

The treatment of British prisoners in Russia is one more proof of Soviet brutality and barbarity. There was not only no "Sarkar Salam" and no forcible squatting, but they were even given magazines and newspapers —to corrupt their minds by false propaganda, we suppose.

* * * *

We do not know whether the Indian "jail papers" were sent to Moscow. We have got one for each Presidency and Province, and it is generally written by Anglo-Indians for Anglo-Indian consumption. We know which paper gets this distinguished patronage in Bombay—a great compliment no doubt to its conductors, who produce the only paper suitable for jails.

* * * *

The Moscow British prisoners it is stated looked very "spruce in their own clothes". No "chakki" was given to break their spirit, because Russia is starving for want of bread.

* * * *

An aged Hindu wept copiously in the Court and promised never again to help the Congress propaganda by distributing its bulletins. The Magistrate and the police also wept metaphorically and the poor old man was bound over for one year; at the end of which time, it is hoped, there will be no more bulletins to sell.

* * * *

Japan is full of humanists. The philanthropic mill-owners are busy appealing to India to give up penalising their goods for the sake of "international justice". Why not spare some of this "humanity" and "international justice" for the Chinese. India can afford to do without it.

* * * *

"The Poona Pact is a purely indigenous product and any other change must and shall be made only by Indians and in India", writes the F.P.J. thumping for 100 per cent. Swadeshi in all such matters. Good that the editor is not flying to England to help give publicity to J.P.C. since it is not a Swadeshi concern.

* * * *

Clerk: "I have received a letter from a firm asking for a reference for that man Brown who used to work here."

Manager: "Tell them that he is a rogue and a thief, and that anything he learned from us."

CONGRESS LEADERS MEETING IN DELHI

ROY'S CONVICTION CHALLENGED

Defence Questions Cawnpore Trial's Validity

ACCUSED SITS BEHIND COUNSEL UNDER ARMED GUARDS

ALLAHABAD, April 25.

Before Mr. Justice Thom of Allahabad High Court Dr. Kailas Nath Katju, Advocate commenced his arguments this morning in the appeal of M. N. Roy, accused in the Cawnpore Conspiracy Case and who was convicted under section 121 A of the I.P.C. and sentenced to 12 years' rigorous imprisonment.

Roy's fetters were removed and he sat behind his counsel under armed guards present in the court.

CONVICTION CHALLENGED.

Dr. Katju after reciting the facts submitted that the charge was defective and no names of other conspirators were mentioned. He thought that the trial at Cawnpore was without jurisdiction and the conviction was 'ultra vires'.

WHY HE WAS ARRESTED.

Dr. Katju stating the facts of the case said that in 1924 several persons including Roy were charged before the District Magistrate of Cawnpore under section 121 A., of the Indian Penal Code on a charge of conspiring to deprive the King of the sovereignty of British India. Roy was then not in British India. Other persons were convicted.

Roy was arrested in Bombay on August 1931 and brought to Cawnpore and proceedings against him commenced before the Sessions Judge on a charge of conspiring to deprive the King Emperor of the sovereignty of British India by means of violent revolution. Roy was convicted and sentenced on the 9th of July 1932.

"DEFECTIVE" CHARGE

Proceeding Dr. Katju added that the evidence against Roy consisted mainly of correspondence between accused and other conspirators, but no names of conspirators were mentioned in the charge, which was therefore defective. The accused, said the counsel, was alleged to have established in British India a branch of revolutionary organisation of Communist International to deprive the King of the sovereignty of British India.

"ULTRA VIRES."

The trial, which took place at Cawnpore was entirely without jurisdiction and the conviction was "ultra vires".

NOT PROVED.

Dr. Katju continuing the argument in M. N. Roy's appeal, said that it was no offence by agitation to wrest Governing powers of the country from one class to another, and the elements of conspiracy had not been proved in the case.

Counsel then went on to deal with correspondence in the case and submitted that it was dangerous to convict a person on the strength of the opinion of a handwriting expert.

Argument had not concluded when the court rose for the day.—A. P.

M. L. A's AND ELDERS FOR LONDON

To Discuss Reserve Bank And Railway Board Proposals

SIMLA, April 25.

The following communique has been issued:—

His Majesty's Government have decided to invite the following members of the Indian Legislature to attend discussions in London on the Reserve Bank and the Statutory Railway Board preliminary to formulating the precise proposals under each head. The exact date for discussions has not yet been fixed, but it is expected they will be invited early in June.

Sir Edward Benthal,
Mr. C. C. Biswas,
Mr. C. S. Ranga Iyer,
Sir Cowasji Jehangir,
Raja Bahadur Krishnamacharya,
Mr. H. P. Mody,
Mr. A. Ramaswami Mudaliar,
Mohammed Padshah,
Rai Bahadur Ramsarandas,
Sir Muhamed Yakub,
Muhamed Yamin Khan, and
Dr. Ziauddin Ahmed.

NO FORMAL COMMITTEES.

The Associated Press understands that no formal committees will be set up on these subjects, but that general discussions will be held in which representatives of the Legislature mentioned in the communique and certain members selected from among the Indians already invited to consult with the Joint Select Committee will participate.

It is also understood that the members of the Legislature will be divided into two groups for the two subjects, but that arrangements will be made to keep each group in touch with discussions of the other.—A.P.

JT. COMMITTEE MEETS

LONDON, April 25.

The Joint Select Committee at a private meeting in the House of Lords this morning continued its deliberations on the question of procedure. There was almost full attendance of members. The meeting lasted for 2-1/2 hours, and was adjourned till 27th April, when private discussions on procedure will be resumed.—Reuter.

Queen's Road Motor Smash

(These photos were taken immediately after the accident)

AFTER THE IMPACT

Removing the wrecked cars

CHAMBERLAIN PRESENTS DEFICIT BUDGET

Makes No Provision For U. S. Debt Payments; Reduces Beer Duty Penny Per Pint

LONDON, April 25.

Mr. Chamberlain's second budget was a gloomy recital of figures, symptomatic of the present depression.

The announcement of reduction of beer duty was received with cheering.

The sole crumb of comfort to the income-tax payer was the restoration of half-yearly instalments, but this was only rendered possible by the timely raid of ten millions from the war loan reserve fund which is no longer required.

The small prospective surplus is liable to be upset by the American debt decision.—Reuter.

LONDON, April 25.

Mr Neville Chamberlain rose at 3-23 p.m. amidst Ministerial cheers and a crowded and expectant House.

He said that the deficit in the past year was 32,679,000.

DEBTS INCLUDED.

The Deficit included approximately 29 millions paid to the United States and also 17 millions paid to the sinking fund. The net redemption of debt during the year amounted approximately to 15 millions, excluding the American Debt. There was a net surplus of over eleven millions.

The result might well afford us a more solid satisfaction than some surpluses earned in more prosperous times.

Revenue from beer of 74 millions was the lowest for 13 years, while Customs and Excise dropped 12 millions.

NO PROVISION FOR U. S. DEBT

Conversions operations would be a permanent benefit which could not have been achieved without our insistence on a balanced budget. The last year's deficit was due to 20 millions paid to the United States. No provisions would be made this year for the American

(Continued on page 8).

RS. 1000

TO-DAY IS 26th Of APRIL !

What Does It Do ? Competition

CLOSING TO-DAY

Send In Your Entry Now

EXPULSIONS IN INDO-CHINA

Butler Says Representations Made To French Govt.

LONDON, April 25.

In the House of Commons, Mr. R. A. Butler informed Mr. John Williams that representations had been made on behalf of the Indinn Government to the French Government regarding orders of expulsion made by the Government of Indo-China against bankers from India.

Replying to Mr. McEntee, Mr. Butler promised to obtain a report regarding the custom of attaching paddy and other crops and property of ryots in respect of recovery of land revenue.—Reuter.

TO REVIEW POLITICAL SITUATION

Abul Kalam, Ansari And Pt. Malaviya Will Participate

(From Our Correspondent)

SIMLA, April 25.

I understand that Congress leaders who belong to the Working Committee will meet in Delhi on the 30th April to review the present political situation.

It will not be a meeting of the Congress Working Committee, but a meeting of those who belong to it and are outside the jail.

Mr. M. S. Aney, the well-known Maratta Leader and the Acting President of the Congress who is a Responsivist is taking a leading part in arranging this meeting.

Other members of the Working Committee who are now outside the jail are Messrs. Rajendra Prasad, C. Rajagolachariar, Jairamdas Doulatram.

I learn Dr. Ansari and Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya, both ex-Congress Presidents will also participate in the discussions. Perhaps Dr. Alam from Lahore and Abul Kalam Azad from Calcutta will also attend.

Altogether fifteen prominent Congressmen are expected to assemble.

NOT WORKING COMMITTEE MEETING

SIMLA, April 25.

The Asssociated Press understands that the Members of the Congress Working Committee who are outside the jail will meet in their individual capacity in New Delhi on April 30, to review the political situation. If such a meeting is held, it will be in accordance with what Sir Harry Haig referred to in the Assembly when he pointed out that Congress leaders outside the jail could always meet to hold consultations.

The proposed meeting of the Congress leaders who belong to the Working Committee is not therefore expected to be a meeting of the Working Committee as such.—A.P.

MUSLIM REBELS CAPTURE TIHUA

Rebellion In Chinese Turkestan Reaches Climax

NANKING, April 25.

The Protracted Mohammedan rebellion in the Chinese Turkestan (Sinkiang) has reachdd a climax with the capture of the Provincial Capital Tihua and the overthrow of the Governor-General of the Province.

The rebellion arose from the imprisonment of eight Moslem tribal chieftains and the incorporation of White Russians into the provincial army.—Reuter.

FOR TOP PRESS
(See Page 8)

TABULATED ADLETS

1 Anna Per Word.

Minimum Re. 1

SMALL ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these columns on cash payment and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Abbreviations and numbers (upto 10 figures) are to be counted as complete words.

ADVERTISEMENTS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words—"Box No.——The Bombay Chronicle"——must be paid for. The Management reserves to themselves the right of refusing any advertisement without giving ANY reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Advertisements will ensure correct insertions; otherwise no responsibility for any mistake will be accepted by the Management Unclaimed replies to the Advertisements are destroyed after about a month.

REPLIES TO THE ADVERTISEMENTS should be addressed carefully as under. "Box No.——The Advertisement Department, The Bombay Chronicle", Old Custom House Road, BOMBAY. To avoid mistakes the Box Numbers should be written distinctly.

9. SITUATIONS VACANT.

Wanted a qualified clerk expert in Commercial Correspondence and Type writing. Apply "Chronicle" Box 325.

Wanted a Typist. Apply personally: E. Moledina, Manufactured Wooden Tea Tray No. 11, Pydhoni Road, Khadak, Bombay. (310).

Wanted two clerks for M. T. B. College, Surat. Only those knowing accounts and typewriting need apply, in own handwriting with testimonials before 1st May to Principal, stating minimum salary, age, experience. Shorthand additional qualification. (318).

Wanted Teachers for two Groups: History and English Literature and Geography with Mathematics. M.A.s preferred. Apply General Employment Bureau, 50, Churchgate Street, Bombay. (326).

Wanted Canvassers for selling swadeshi cloth on commission or salary starting Rs. 75 monthly with travelling. See personally between 12 and 4 Dhruva Bros. Ltd., Kamar Building, 106, Cowasjee Patel Street, Fort, Bombay. (321).

Wanted for Overseas—Civil and Mechanical Gas Engineers. Overseers, Head Custom Clerks, Cargo Supervisors and Springsmith. And for Bombay, Senior Shorthand Typists, Managing Clerks Accountants and Canvassers. Apply in person, with original certificates to P. Dubash & Co., Recruiting Contractors, Building No. 285, next to Caxton Printing Works, Frere Road, Fort, Bombay. (327).

12. TO BE LET.

To Let—Independent four roomed blocks in "Panditalaya," Chunam Lane, Lamington Road, and Double Rooms with taps inside in "Pandit Niwas", Portuguese Church Road, Dadar. Apply on premises. Mornings or "Pandit", Setalvad Road, Phone 42860. (306).

13. SHOPS & ROOMS TO LET.

To Let:—Ventilated Rooms and blocks with good accommodation and shops in Forjett Terrace, Forjett Street, Tardeo, apply Manager at the premises from 8 to 10 p.m. (323).

14. HOUSES & FLATS TO LET.

To Let.—Fine accommodated flats of Bungalow—5 bed rooms, kitchen, garden, etc., at 44/42 Moreland Road, from 1st May, 1933. Apply: F. J. Ranwal, Rehmtalla West View, Chowpaty. (286).

Parel. No. 18, Chamar Baug Road? "Sarosh" Buildings 3rd. Floor Flat of Four Big Rooms, open on all sides with water convenience, at reduced rent. Apply within (328).

28. HEALTH RESORTS.

Matheran Gopal Hindoo Hotel is working in full swing with best accommodations for boarding and lodging. The only place worth visiting. Write for particulars to Manager, Matheran, (Telephone no. 16) or Gopaldas Mangaldas Mithaiwala, Vasiamal building Grant Road, Telephone 24777 and Grant Road Telephone 41140, Bombay. (182).

Matheran—Visit well-known S. Lord's Central Hotel with all home comforts. (269).

28. HEALTH RESORTS.

Matheran Royal Hindoo Hotel is working in full swing with best accommodations for boarding and lodging. The only place worth visiting. Write for particulars to Manager, Matheran, (Telephone No. 16), or Dayaram Damodar Mithaiwala, Chira Bazar, Telephone 24777 and Grant Road, Telephone 41140, Bombay. (181).

38. PETROL PUMPS.

Petrol Agencies: W. I. C. Petrol Sub-agencies are to be given for the following stations:—Matunga, Mahim, Khar, Santa Cruz, Jogeshwari, Borivli, Karjat, Lonavla, Talegaon Igatpuri. Apply Secretary, A. B. C. Motor Equip. Co., Ravelin Street, Fort, Bombay. (317).

42. SECONDHAND WANTED.

Wanted a second-hand Damping Machine in working order. Write or see The Manager, The Mathradas Mills, DeLisle Road, Bombay. (288).

56 EDUCATIONAL.

Political Training—The Institute of Political Secretaries, James Street, London, gives thorough correspondence tuition in all subjects essential for success in practical politics. Candidates prepared for the I.C.S. Representative for India, 19, Allenby Road, New Delhi. (127).

57. KINDERGARTEN.

Kindergarten Pastime for Girls, Rs. 10, 15 (3) Boxes—(30)—Embroidery, needlework, Kwiknit, each Rupees four. See Catalogue. Delvadaker Stall, Bombay, Girgaon. (164).

73. AGENTS WANTED.

Wanted Influential Agents for Karachi to secure orders on Commission basis for well-known fountain-Pens. Apply Box No. 313, "Bombay Chronicle."

74. AGENCIES WANTED.

Applications are invited from persons desiring to take up the Selling Agency of the "Bombay Chronicle" Daily and Sunday Editions, particularly at Rajahmundry, Malegaon, Barnagar, Ratlam, Larkhana, Mirpurkas Sd., Jhansi, Jubbulpore, Manmad, Dhond, Pandharpur, Raichur, Balapur, Ernakulam, Dharmavaram, Trivandrum, Bezwada, Cochin, Coimbatore, Cocanada, Guntur, Nidadavole, Palghar, Ongole, Ottapalam, Samalkot, Salem, Katni, Meerut, Agra, Bilaspur, Kamptee, Seoni, Saugor, Ajmer, Vizianagram City and Harda. Write for terms and conditions to the Manager, the "Bombay Chronicle" Co. Ltd., P. O. Box No. 322, Bombay.

76. TRADE FORECASTS.

American Cotton Earn on Our Money! No investments! No loss! No Risks! Golden opportunity for one week only from to-day! Only limited cards! First come, first served! We give you rupees two daily till our figure is right on a small deposit of rupees ten. General Cotton Reporters, Master Building, Bazar Gate Street, Fort, time 5 to 8. (322).

135. PERFUMERY.

Distinctive Perfumes for Discriminating Tastes. If you need a Perfume for your Business or in your every-day life, please consult Dr. Gore, Box No. 2138, Bombay 2. Literature on request. (200).

87. ASTROLOGERS.

Gold Grand Reduction—For Rs. 10 worth of Five Years Life Sketch, Character and Talisman, send advance only Re. 1, birth detail or letter time and age and your Deity's name Try: The Advanced Astrological Home, Kasimkota, Vizag Dt. (S. India) (80)

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT announcements Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per Column Inch Per Insertion
1st Insertion ...	Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion ...	Rs. 5-8-0
3rd Insertion ...	Rs. 4-8-0
4th and Subsequent Insertions ...	Rs. 3-8-0

Mofussil Advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the classified Short Advertisement Columns

The E. D. Sassoon United Mills, Limited

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the THIRTEENTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, E. D. Sassoon Building, Dougall Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay, on WEDNESDAY, the 26th April, 1933, at 4-0 p.m. (S. T.), to transact the following business:—

(1) To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and Audited Statements of Accounts upto 31st December 1932.

(2) To appoint two Directors in place of those who retire by rotation, but are eligible for re-election.

(3) To appoint Auditors and fix their remuneration.

(4) To transact such other business as may be put before the meeting by the Chairman.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from WEDNESDAY, the 19th April, 1933, to WEDNESDAY, the 26th April, 1933, both days inclusive

By Order of the Board,
E. D. SASSOON & CO. LTD.,
Agents,
Bombay, 29th March, 1933.
6564

Legal Notices

In the High Court of Judicature at Bombay

TESTAMENTARY & INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 4 of 1933.

GEORGE V, by the Grace of God, of Great Britain, Ireland, and the British Dominions beyond the seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Probate of the last Will and Testament of Bai MANBAI, widow of Joshi Cooverji Vishram, of Bombay Saraswat Brahmin Hindu Inhabitant, residing at Maskai Building, Bhandari Street, without the Fort of Bombay: Deceased.

VUSSONJI CURAMSI of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant, residing at Vussonji House, Girgaon Back Rd., outside the Fort of Bombay, a Merchant and Landed Proprietor, the Sole Executor of the last Will and Testament of the deceased, Bai Manbai, widow of Joshi Cooverji Vishram ..... Petitioner & Plaintiff.

MAYASHANKER DHARSI JOSHI ..... Coveator & Defendant.

ALL PERSONS claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the proceedings, if they think fit, before the Grant of Probate.

WITNESS Sir JOHN WILLIAM FISHER BEAUMONT, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay, aforesaid, this Eighteenth Day of April in the year of our Lord One Thousand Nine Hundred and Thirty-three and in the Twenty-third Year of our Reign.

The 18th day of April, 1933.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay

(Sd.) R. B. PATEL.
Prothonotary and Senior Master

H. A. VAKIL
(Sd.) MEHTA LALJEE & CO.,
Petitioners' Attorneys.
6605.

Public Notice

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION.

An ORDINARY MONTHLY MEETING of the Corporation will be held in the Municipal Office on THURSDAY, the 4th May, 1933, at 3 P.M. (Bombay Time), for the consideration of the following business:——

1. Letter from the Municipal Secretary—(a) Intimating that a vacancy has occurred in the Works Committee owing to the death of Mr. P.J. Marzban, C.I.E., and (b) Election of a member on the Committee.

2. Interpellations under Section 66-A of the Municipal Act.

3-5. Letters from (3) the Chairman, Bai Jerbai Wadia Hospital for Children, (4) the Secretary, Prince of Wales Museum of Western India and (5) the Chairman, Nowrosji Wadia Maternity Hospital—Forwarding the Annual Report, etc., of their respective Institutions.

6-9. Letters from or on behalf of retired Municipal Labour Staff—Applying for gratuity in respect of their service in the Municipality.

10. Letter from the Secretary Children's Aid Society—Regarding the appointment of a Corporation's representative on the Managing Committee of the Society.

11. Letter from Atiya Begum Saheba—Regarding the alleged neglect by the Schools Committee of Urdu Schools.

12. Letter from the President, Society for the Protection of Children in Western India—Thanking the Corporation for their grant-in-aid of the Society.

13. Letter from Mr. L. H. Kanhere—Applying for certain concessions to enable him to purchase Municipal land at Lady Jamshedji Road leased to him.

RESOLUTIONS OF THE STANDING COMMITTEE——

14. Regarding the revision of the grade of posts of Station Officers in the Fire Brigade Department.

15. Forwarding, for information, the Commissioner's report on certain points raised in the Test Audit Officer's report for the period ending May 1932.

16. Forwarding, for information, a list of Municipal Auditors' letters pending disposal by the Standing Committee.

17. Regarding the question of the revision of the scales of pay of appointments in Municipal Service corresponding to the Subordinate and Provincial Services of Government.

SCHOOLS COMMITTEE'S LETTERS——

18. Reporting as to the feasibility of introducing Free and Compulsory Primary Education in 'C' Ward, etc.

19. Reporting as to the desirability of opening night classes for educating the adult population in 'F' and 'G' Wards.

LETTERS FROM THE COMMISSIONER——

20. Forwarding quarterly statements of motor vehicles taxed and exempted.

21. Forwarding half-yearly report of the work done in the Municipal Laboratory.

22. Forwarding Analytical and Bacteriological Reports on the Bombay Water Supplies.

23. Forwarding lists showing the breeding places of malaria carrier mosquitoes detected in March 1933.

24. Forwarding a statement giving reasons for delay in submitting reports on certain Corporation Resolutions.

25. Forwarding a quarterly statement showing the quantity of water brought into the City and the suburbs from the various lakes.

26-27. Reporting on applications for gratuity, etc., from retired Municipal labour staff or heirs of deceased Municipal servants.

28. Government Letters—Regarding the Bill to increase the Corporation's contribution to the City Improvement Trust by 50 per cent.

29-31. Letters from (29) Mr. Punjabhai Thackersey, (30) Mr. V.S. Velinkar and (31) Miss Manlben L. Kara—Applying for leave of absence from the Corporation's meetings.

32. Letters from Lady Dinbai Petit and Sir Dinshaw Petit (3rd Baronet)—Thanking the Corporation for their Resolution on the death of the late Sir Dinshaw Petit, Bart.

33. Letter from Mr. Rustom P. Marzban and Mrs. Ruttanbai P. J. Marzban—Thanking the Corporation for their Resolution on the death of Mr. P.J. Marzban, C.I.E.

34. Report of the Law, etc., Committee—Regarding the amendment of Rule No. 15 of the Corporation Procedure Rules.

35. Confirmation of the Special Committee Proceedings.

36. Schools Committee's letters—

Public Notices

ters—Forwarding printed copies of the Committee's Proceedings.

NOTICES OF MOTIONS——

37. From Mr. S. G. Kenl—Regarding the nuisance caused to the residents of Dadar, Matunga Estate by the unloading of coal at the G.I.P. Railway Goods Yard, Dadar.

38. From Dr. G.V. Deshmukh seconded by Mr. Hooseinbhoy A. Lalljee—For placing on record the Corporation's regret at the death of Syed Hasan Imam.

39. From Capt. Jos. Alban D'Souza—For Obtaining a repor from the Markets, etc., Committee as to the means for restricting promiscuous hawking.

40. From Dr. K.E. Dadachanji, seconded by Mr. Meyer Nissim—For expressing the Corporation's regret at the death of Sir W. D. Sheppard.

By Order of His Worship the Mayor,
A.V. SABNIS,
Municipal Secretary.
Municipal Corporation Office,
Bombay, 25th April, 1933.
6606.

Tender Notice

The undersigned will receive Sealed Tenders upto 9th May, 1933, for supply of Medicines for Fatmabai Rogay Charitable Dispensary for one year from 1st July, 1933, to 30th June, 1934.

Detail List of Medicines can be had on application from Mr. C. M. Dave, Secretary, 9-15, Sandhurst Road Bombay 9.

HAJI IBRAHIM JITEKAR,
Chairman, Famabai Rogay Trust.
9-15, Sandhurst Road.
Bombay 9.
(324)

THE UNION BANK OF INDIA, LD.

LOST OR MISLAID.

SHARE CERTIFICATES Nos. 58501 to 58502 and 57566 to 57582 for 150 shares Nos. 179827 to 179876 and 484026 to 485025 respectively of the Union Bank of India, Ltd., standing in the name of late Mr. Jamshedji Merwanji Morena is are lost or mislaid. Anybody having any claim against these should intimate to the above Bank within one month from the date hereof after which Duplicates will be issued.

(Sd.) B. J. MORENAS.
6601.

AUCTION SALES

BENNETT & Co.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

Messrs. BENNETT & Co., will on SUNDAY, the 30th instant at 10-30 A. M. (S. T.) sell by Public Auction at "Crescent House", Colaba Causeway, near Hotel Majestic, valuable household furniture by Dewjee Canjee and others such as dining table, chairs, side-boards, chesterfield suites, show-case, cottage piano, by Squire, wall-clock, almirahs, bedsteads, writing tables, dressing tables, card-table, carpets, glass, crockery and platedware etc.

The property of a lady.

Catalogues will be published and property is on view.

AUCTION SALE OF MADE-TO-ORDER VALUABLE HOUSEHOLD AND BLACKWOOD CARVED FURNITURE, GLASS CROCKERY AND PLATEDWARE ETC., AT "BRINE OGLE", PALLI HILL, BANDRA.

Messrs. BENNETT & CO., will on SUNDAY, the 30th April, 1933 at 10-30 A. (3, T.) sell by Public Auction at the above mentioned place valuable dining, drawing and bedroom furniture comprising sliding dining table, chairs, sideboards, dinner waggon, marble-top serving table, teapoys, drawing room and chesterfield suites, centre table, iron bedsteads, almyras, wardrobes, dressing tables, chest of drawers, hatstands, glass, crockery and platedware, etc. etc.,

The property of a Gentleman.

Catalogues will be published and furniture on view 3 days before the sale.

BENNETT & CO.

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Government of Maharashtra
on 15 December, 2016

BANKING

Bank of Baroda, Ltd.

Under the patronage of and largely supported by the Government of H. H. The Maharaja Gaekwar.

(Registered under the Baroda Companies Act III of 1897.)

	Rs
Capital Subscribed	60,00,000
Capital Called-up	30,00,000
Reserve Fund now is	20,75,000

HEAD OFFICE: MANDVI, BARODA

BRANCHES:

Ahmedabad, Bhavnagar, Navsari, Mehsana, Surat, Bombay, Dabhoi, Petlad, Patan, Sidhpur, Amreli, Kalol, Dwarka, Kadi, Karjan and Port Okha

DIRECTORS:

Sir Lalubhai Samaldas, Kt., C.I.E. (Chairman).
Seth Durgaprasad Shambhuprasad Laskari (Mill Agent), Ahmedabad.
Bhaskarao V. Mehta, Esq., M.A., LL.B (Bhavnagar).
Maganlal H. Kantavala, Esq., M.A. (Agent), The Maharaja Mills Co. Ltd., Baroda.
Mr. Girdharlal Dosabhai Parikh, B.A., LL.B., (Baroda).
Raj Ratna Bhailal Dajibhai Amin, B.A., M.S.C.I., Managing Agent, Alembic Chemical Works Ltd., Baroda.
Sheth Pransukhlal Mafatlal of the Shorock Mills Ltd., Ahmedabad.
Mr. Ramlal Hiralal Desai, B.A., LL.B., Naib Dewan, Baroda.
N. M. Muzumdar (Tata Sons, Ltd., Bombay).

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

With effect from 15th April, 1933, interest on daily balance from Rs. 300/- to Rs. 1,00,000/- will be allowed at 1 per cent. per annum and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000/- by special arrangement. No interest which does not come to Rs. 5/- per half year will be allowed.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Received for long or short periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS AND CASH CREDITS.

The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved securities.

The Bank undertakes on behalf of its constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interests thereon. It also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all description of Stock at moderate charge, particulars of which may be learnt on application.

SAVINGS BANK.

Deposits received and interest allowed at 3 per cent per annum.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Sums of Rs. 300 and over accepted at 3 per cent by transfer from Savings Bank accounts subject to three months' notice of withdrawal. Rules on application.

C. E. RANDLE,
General Manager.

Bank of India, Ltd.

Established 7th September, 1906.
(Incorporated under the Indian Company's Act VII of 1859).
Head Office:
Oriental Buildings, Bombay.

BRANCHES: Bullion Exchange (Shaikh Memon Street, Bombay); Poona; Bandra; Bara Bazar, Calcutta); Ahmedabad; Rajkot and Surat.

LONDON AGENTS.

The Westminster Bank, Ltd.

Capital Subscribed	Rs. 2,00,00,000
Capital Paid-up	Rs. 1,00,00,000
Reserved Fund	Rs. 1,00,00,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest is allowed on daily balances from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 at 1 per cent. per annum. Interest on balances in excess of Rs. 1,00,000 allowed only by special arrangement. No credit will be given in accounts for interest amounting to less than Rs. 5 per half year.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Deposits are received fixed for one year or for shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNTS opened. Rules may be obtained on application.

The Bank acts as Executor and Trustee under Wills and Settlements and undertakes Trustee business generally. Rules on application.

A. G. GRAY,
Manager.

IF You value your Health and wish to be on a path of Wealth and Prosperity, better drop us a card mentioning your name and full address.

WE shall send you KAMA SHASTRA (an interesting booklet).

GRATIS and POST FREE
Atank Nigran Pharmacy.
Jamnagar (Kathiawar.)

KOHINOOR
CINEMA: Dadar
from SATURDAY, the 22nd April
BUSTER KEATON
in
SPEAK EASILY

Also a Laurel-Hardy Comic
Daily at 5, 7-30 and 10 p.m.
Matinee at 2-45 p.m. on Sat., Sun,

LAST THREE DAYS ONLY!
The CARLTON
DAILY AT 6-30 & 10 P. M.
THURS. MATINEE AT 4 P. M.

Egyptian magic! The mystic book of Thoth! The black art of Isis! Exhumed by the spades of English explorers and practised across a gap of thirty-seven hundred years!

KARLOFF THE UNCANNY
IN
"THE MUMMY"
WITH
ZITA JOHANN

NEXT ATTRACTION
RAMON NOVARRO
THE IDOL OF MILLIONS
IN HIS LATEST AND BEST
M.-G.-M. PICTURE
"HUDDLE"

N. Y. K.
LINE
FOR COLOMBO, SINGAPORE, CHINA & JAPAN.

Steamers	Tons	Arrive	Leave
Hakone Maru	10500	...	† 1 May.
*Nagato Maru	5901	18 April	2 May
x Tango Maru	6893	29 April	13 May.
Suwa Maru	11000.	.....	16 May.
*Hakodate Maru	530.	3 May.	18 May
Fushimi Maru	11000	.....	†30 May
Tokiwa Maru	6972	18 May.	31 May
Hakozaki Maru	10500	...	† 12 June

*Do not carry passengers.
x Calls at Colombo. † from Colombo.

FOR MARSEILLES AND LONDON.

Steamers	Tons	Leave Colombo	Arrive Marseilles
Hakusan Maru	10500	26 April	13 May
Haruna Maru	10500.	10 May.	27 May

Subject to Alteration without notice.

Passage Rates from Bombay.

PORTS	Single. 1st £	Single. 2nd £	Return 1st £	Return 2nd £
COLOMBO	7	5	—	—
SINGAPORE	19	12	30	—
HONGKONG	26	17	—	30
SHANGHAI	30	19	50	30
KOBE	25	22	50	30
YOKOHAMA	36	23	50	30

• Reduced Rates from Colombo to Europe.
• Summer and All year Round Trip fares from Orient to Pacific-Coast Ports.
• Special Through Rates Orient to Europe via America and Canada.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA
Cox's Building, Hornby Road,
Bombay.
'Phone No. 20279
Telegrams: "YUSEN."

SHIPPING NEWS

ARRIVALS.

APRIL 25.

City of Oran. Jones, New York.
Kate, Spathis, Port Said.
Jehangir. Keir, Mauritius.

DEPARTURES.

APRIL 25.

Surada. Hoyle. Calcutta.

APRIL 26.

Bamora. Wordingham, Busrah.

LOADING

APRIL 25

Steamer Takliwa for Durban.
Steamer Birk for Rangoon.
Steamer Kate, for Hull.
Steamer Havre Maru for Kobe.

S S City of Oran:—The F F Campbel Coy's steamer City of Oran arrived in harbour or Tuesday from New York, with a general cargo.

S S Jehangir:—The T M Coy's steamer Jehangir arrived in harbour on Tuesday from Mauritius, with a general cargo and specie and 78 passengers.

S S Kate:—The steamer Kate arrived in harbour on Tuesday from Port Said, with ballast.

S S Surada:—The B I S N Coy's steamer Surada, sailed on Tuesday for Calcutta with a general cargo.

S S Bamora:—The B I S N Co's steamer Bamora, will sail to-day for Busrah, with a general cargo and passengers.

COFFEE NEW YORK MARKET
New York, April 24.

Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 Quality) Spot 8-1/8.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE
London, April 24.

Chartered Bank of I. A. & C. £13-1|4.
Hongkong Shanghai Bank London Register £123.
P. and O Banking Corporation £10.
National Bank of India £41-1|2.
Funding Loan 4 p.c. £110-3|8.
Conversion Loan £100-3 4
Rupee paper £64.
Indian Stock 3 p.c. Sterling Loan £73-1|4.
Indian Stock 3-1|2 per cent Sterling Loan £85-1|4.
Indian Stock 4-1|2 p.c. Sterling Loan £107.
Consols 2-1|2 p.c. £74-7|8.
War Loan 3-1|2 p.c. £101-7|8.
Victory Bonds 4 p.c. £109-5|8.

LONDON METALS.
London, April 24.

Copper Braziers £43.
Yellow metal £36-1|2.
Spelter hard Indian brands £15
Corrugated sheets 24 gauge £16.
Tin English Ingots £161.

LONDON PPODUCE.
London, April 24.

Cottonseed Bombay (Hull) c.i.f. ton no offers.
Castorseed Bombay (Hull) c.i.f. ton £9-12-6 Apl|May sellers
Rapeseed Toria Hull|Continent £9-16-3 Apl|May sellers.

LINSEED.
London, April 24.

Linseed Calcutta (London) ton £9-17-6 Apl|May sellers.
Linseed Laplata c.i.f. Hull ton £8-8-9 Apl|May sellers.
Linseed Bombay (London) Hull ton £10-2-6 Apl|May sellers.

LINSEED OIL.
London, April 24.

Linseed Oil naked London per cwt. 15|6 May sellers.
Linseed Oil naked London per cwt. 16'9 Sept|Dec paid.

LONDON DISCOUNT RATES.
London, April 24.

Bank Bills 3 months market rate 0-9/16 p.c. to 0-5/8 p.c.
Bank Bills 6 months market rate 0-7/8 p.c.
Fine Trade Bills 3 months market rate 2-1/4 p.c.
Fine Trade Bills 6 months market rate 2-1/2 p.c. to 3 p.c.

LONDON EXCHANGES.
London, April 24.

T T London on Berlin	15-28-1/2
T T London on Amsterdam	8.74-1/2
T T London on Brussels	25.13
T T London on Madrid	41.03
T T London on Milan	67.43
T T London on Berne	18.19
T T London on Paris	89.21
T T London on Prague	117.75
T T London on New York Closing Rate	3.86-3/4
Interest 7 Days Market Loan	3-0/8 p.c.
Interest Day to Day Market Loan	0-1/2 p.c.

JAVA SUGAR LONDON MARKET
London, April 24.

Java Sugar, Fine White Dutch Standard, No. 25 C. & F. Calcutta per cwt. May/June sellers 7/6. C. & F. Bombay May/June sellers 7/6; C. & F. Karachi May/June sellers 7/6.

WHEAT BALTIC EXCHANGE
London, April 24.

Wheat Rozario Santa Fe. parcels June paid 21/3.
Wheat Barletta Russo parcels April paid 20/9
Wheat South Australian parcels May paid 24/3

NUTAN SANGIT VIDYALAY
DRAMA BRANCH
Grant Road.
ELPHINSTONE THEATRE
WEDNESDAY, the 26th April at 9 P M.
IN AID OF RAM MANDIR, URAVNE
A CHARITY PERFORMANCE
SADHWEE MIRABAI
SATURDAY, the 29th April at 8-30 P. M
SUNDAY, the 30th April at 3-30 P M
JAGTIJYOT
Booking at the theatre daily from 8 to 11 A. M., 4 to 8 P. M. and all the day on the busy days.
Director: K. S. Hardikar
G. Manager. V. K Parchure.

LAST 2 WEEKS!!
Under the kind patronage of His Highness Shreemant Sayajeerao Gaekwar Maharaj of Baroda.
GANDHARVA NATAK MANDALI
ROYAL OPERA HOUSE
WEDNESDAY, the 26th April at 8-30 p.m.
SAUBHADRA
(This drama will not be staged in Bombay again)
SATURDAY, the 29th April at 8-30 p.m.
SAVITRI
SUNDAY, the 30th April at 3-30 P. M.
"EKACH PYALA"
(This drama will not be staged in Bombay again.)
Booking at the theatre daily from 8 to 11 a.m. and 5 to 8 p.m.
Royal Opera House to be let on odd days. Apply to Aryan Electric Co., Opp. Portuguese Church Girgaum. Bombay 4. Tel. 24725.

THE PALACE
Byculla Rly. Station 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
Maurice Chevalier, Jeanette McDonald in Paramount's Musical comedy.
ONE HOUR WITH YOU
Tuneful Song-Hits!
Next Attraction
ELISSA LANDI, LIONEL BARRYMORE
in Fox Stirring Drama
YELLOW TICKET.

THE EXCELSIOR
6-30 and 10 p.m.
The Heart-punch Comedy Smash
SLIM SUMMERVILLE
ZASU PITTS
in
"THEY JUST HAD TO GET MARRIED"

MUSIC — MIRTH — THRILL — GRANDEUR and
SOUL-STIRRING SUBLIMEST ROLE PLAYED BY
COMING ON SATURDAY the 29th Inst.
Mrs. DURGA KHOTE
THE SWEET HEART OF CINEMA-GOERS
THE ACME OF SCREEN-ART
Presented by
PRATIMA PICTURES and PHOTOPHONE
CENTRAL BANK BUILDING. Fort. BOMBAY.
Directed by:— NAGENDRA MAZUMDAR.
Music-Technique by:— PROF. DEODHAR.
CAST:— Mrs. KHOTE. Miss NURJAHAN. Miss RUPAMA— Mr P. JAYRAJ. Mr. GORE. Mr. GUPTE. Mr. RASIK VIN
Patit-Pavan
or RESURRECTION OF AHALYA
A PICTURE THAT SOARS FAR ABOVE THE AVERAGE LEVEL—PRODUCED ON THE BEST MACHINE. FIDELITY.
AT KRISHNA CINEMA
New Charni Road

First Winner In The Race For Films--
7th Week
It is still drawing packed houses daily
Unrivalled Musical Hit among Indian Talkies
PURAN BHAKTA
Tuneful Music of KRISHNA CHANDRA. Blind Singer of Bengal, with a brilliant Cast including Master Saigal, Anwarjan, Miss Tara and other favourites
Daily 6-30 & 10 P. M. WELLINGTON TALKIES Dhobi Talao.

LAST OPPORTUNITY LAST WEEK
You will be pleased and would thank
MASTER MODAK for successfully playing the DOUBLE ROLE of a PRINCE and a PAUPER in Saraswatee Cinetone's 2nd Talkie Success
VAGABOND PRINCE
Supported by
Mr. SALVI, JAVDEKAR, VASANT PEHELWAN
Miss CHANDABAI, PANDIT and others
13 SONG-HITS you cannot afford to miss
The essence of acting — the comic that will raise you up in your seats - - -
the best direction, the best story, clear photography, flawless recording
AT THE
WEST END TALKIES
DAILY AT 5-15, 8. AND 10-30 P.M. MATINEE AT 2-30 P. M. on SAT. SUN. & HOLIDAYS.
TO MISS IT MEANS DISAPPOINTMENT!!

REMITTANCES TO BRITISH TREASURY

(In pounds sterling).

Sterling purchased in India during the week ending the 22nd April, 1933 is 1,033,000 from 1st April 1933 to 22nd April 1933 is 2,528,000.

INDIA OFFICE SPENDS MORE

An increase of £18,585 in the India Office estimate is due to an advance of £12,585 in salaries and expenses, and the provision of £20,000 against £14,000 for the expenses of Indian representatives attending the Joint Consultation Committee on Indian Cionstitutional Reforms.

TREASURY BILLS SALES

Tenders for Rs. 1-1/2 crores of three months' Treasury Bills were opened on Tuesday, the 25th April 1933. Total amount offered was Rs. 1,77,75,000. Tenders at Rs. 99-11-6 were accepted in full and those at Rs. 99-11-3 received approximately 88 per cent. Lower tenders were rejected. The total amount of accepted tenders was Rs. 1,50,00,000 and the average rate Rs. 1-3-0 per annum.

2. Tenders for three months' bills to the amount of Rs. 1,50,00,000 will be received on Tuesday, the 2nd May, 1933. Successful tenders should make payment of the amount of accepted tenders on Friday, the 5th May, 1933. Other conditions are as usual.

PREVIOUS LOSS REDUCED

Meyer Sassoon Mills Show Small Profit

The 23rd Ordinary General Meeting of the shareholders of the Meyer Sassoon Mills Ltd. was held on Monday, Mr. F Stones presiding.

The Directors' Report for the year ended 31st December 1932, showed a profit of Rs. 8,370-11-10. This sum has been placed against the loss shown in the last Balance Sheet, which has now been reduced to Rs. 2,38,332-3-8.

The Report was adopted and the retiring Directors were re-elected.

LONDON RUBBER.
London, April 24.

Smoked sheets Standard ribbed lb. spot 2-5|16 sellers.

E. SASSOON MILLS LOSE LAKH & HALF

Agents Waive Remuneration Of Rs. 36,000

The 24th Ordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders of the Edward Sassoon Mills Limited was held on Monday: Mr. F. Stones presiding.

The Directors' report for the year ended 31st December 1932 as certified by the Company's Auditors, showed a loss of Rs. 1,56,718-0-1 for the year.

The Directors regretted the loss which was due to the continuance of general trade depression throughout the year.

In view of the loss the Agents have waived their minimum remuneration of Rs. 36,000/.

The report was adopted and the retiring Directors were re-elected.

POLITICIANS EXPECT WAR IN THE NEXT FEW MONTHS
A Terrible Fight Declared from the 29th April
AT THE
MAJESTIC CINEMA
GIRGAUM
SINHGAD
Prabhat Cinetone's 1st Historical Talkie

Featuring
Miss LEELA
BABURAO PENDHARKAR
Master VINAYAK
BHONSALE
SHINDE
DHIBAR
and others
the mid-night fight none had expected and the Fort officer revelling in his Mahal a call for duel
also showing the talkie of the recitals of popular marathi songs by the famous
POETS OF MAHARASHTRA
Keshaokumar-Gireesh-Maydeo-Yeshwant
Miss Sanjeevani Marathe, Chowdhary
None offered Such a TREAT herebefore.
MAJESTIC CINEMA
GIRGAUM
from SATURDAY THE 29th APRIL 1933
BE PREPARED

INFLATIONARY BUYING IN NEW YORK COTTON

Sentiment Psychologically Influenced By Inflation Rumours

MAY LIQUIDATION AND PROFIT-TAKING

Deficiency Of Sub-Soil Moisture In Taxas

Bombay, April 25.

On Monday the New York cotton futures market was firm and fairly active on improved buying, influenced by favourable Liverpool cables and strength of Wall-street. There was inflationary buying which in conjunction with trade demand had a hardening tendency but later on prices reacted on May liquidation and profit-taking.

NEW YORK MARKET.

The market opened at a rise of 13 points and a further rise of 10 points was registered during the early part of the session on improved buying. This was the highest level of the day as liquidation of May contracts together with prort-taking resulted in a decline of 17 points. Thus the market closed at about the lowest level of the day at a net rise of 7 to 1 point. Spot cotton prices advanced 5 points at 7.65c.

NEW ORLEANS STEADY.

The New Orleans cotton futures market also ruled quiet in the afternoon and closed at a rise of 3 to 7 points. Spot cotton prices again advanced 3 points at 7.41c.

INDIAN SELLING.

The Liverpool cotton futures market opened at a rise of 8 points with a steady undertone. Late with session May liquidation and straddle selling were in evidence. There was some selling by Indian operators. The offerings were absorbed by general buying. The market closed barely steady at a rise of 8 to 7 points. Middling American spot cotton prices closed at a rise of 4 points at 5.37d. per lb.

EAST INDIANS.

East Indian cotton futures ring was steady and closed at a rise of 8 points with May 4.54. July 4.55 and October 4.58

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

Egyptian cotton futures ruled quiet but steady. Sakels were slow but Uppers showed more activity. Sakels contracts closed at a rise of 4 to 6 points with spot cotton 2 points higher at 7.44. Upper futures advanced 12 to 9 points with spot cotton 6 points higher at 6.66d. per lb.

ALEXANDRIA COTTON.

The Alexandra cotton futures market ruled quiet but steady. The market closed irregular at a decline of 5 points to a rise of 3 points. The market will remain closed on Wednesday.

INFLATIONARY FEELING.

At the moment New York cotton is mainly influenced by political and inflationary developments. As pointed out before so far the effect is local in the states. The new Government is trying level best to raise commodity prices with a view to reduce unemployment and help industries.

ECONOMIC CONFERENCE.

At the same time President Roosevelt is preparing the ground for the Economic Conference. So far there seems to be some agreement between Britain and America but the attitude of France is against any devaluation of currency. In this connection it will be remembered that when great Britain threw off the gold standard. America was against such a step. Such rapid changes and devaluation of dollar is mainly the result of the new Government

ARTIFICIAL MEASURES.

It is likely that if America and Britain agree on the future economic policy, it will have material effect on the international situation but the main question is whether such artificial measures will root out the evil

SETBACKS EXPECTED.

Whatever may be the future in store, cotton prices have now readjusted to the new devaluation level and there is no room for a further rise in the near future. In view of the Farm Relief Bill and other crop factors, chances are in favour of higher prices in the long run, but it is possible that there will be some setbacks from the present level and it will be advisable to buy only on such drops.

MAY LIQUIDATION.

Messrs. Thos Smith & Co. state: Following the strength in wheat, silver and stocks prices continued to improve, but heavy realising and May liquidation checked any substantial gain.

As mentioned yesterday a broad outline of an agreement seems to have been already reached between Britain and America on the many outstanding problems but the absence of any details is causing cynics many misapprehensions. The stabilisation of sterling is suggested between 350 and 380 but following the American suggestion for a higher ratio in consequence of the reduction in the gold content of the dollar and the currency metal reserve being reduced to 30 per cent. gold and 5 per cent. silver the stabilisation seems to be more likely around 380. Apart from the political, economic and financial events deficiency of rainfall is reported in Texas. The textile business in America is steadily improving and with mills having large orders in hand they are reported to be expanding production.

PRIVATE CABLES—

N.Y. May highest 7.65+23 lowest 7.47+05.

N.Y. July highest 7.82 (11.28 a.m.) lowest 7.65 (at the close).

Liverpool:—Re-acted on profit-taking selling by professionals no new features. Advance may go somewhat further but advice caution. Speculative buying is increasing. Suggestions until States inflation policy extending it to other countries.

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co. have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:—

Liverpool.—Market firm with an active covering demand There is a more general desire to buy than for some time. Think it a good time to buy in Liverpool.

Liverpool.—General buying anticipating constructive development Washington. Later Indian selling.

Liverpool.—Sentiment psychologically influenced by inflation rumours. Effectiveness American domestic measures appears dependent extent character public works programme. Success international discussions depends ability reach Anglo-American agreement on debts, tariffs, stabilisation, parties, etc. as France opposed devaluation

New York Cotton Exchange Trade demand. May liquidation. Profit taking.

Messrs. Patel Brothers have received the following cables: —

New York Yotton Exchange Service cabled as under:

"Analysis Texas rainfall October to March shows deficiency large areas. America cloth sales more active, prices higher, activity unchanged, appears Government will take whatever steps deemed necessary to raise prices. England demand restricted, buyers unsettled by currency instability. Continent mills generally about holding own. World consumption American March 1,164.000: season 9.152.000. World stock end March 16,812.000 against 17,273.000 last year."

Their Liverpool Agents cabled as under:—

12-45 p.m.—Weather cold. Light to moderate rainfall Eastern belt. Alabama and Texas.

10-10 p.m. Prospects of credit expansion continue main influence. Better weather.

Mr. Jivatlal Purtapshi have received the following cable information from their foreign friends:—

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, April 24.

May, 1933	7.47+05
July, 1933	7.65+06
October, 1933	7.87+07
December, 1933	8.01+03
January, 1934	8.09+01
March, 1934	8.25+08
Middling Spot	7.65+05

NEW ORLEANS

New York, April 24.

May	7.41+03
July	7.60+07
Middling Spot	7.41+03

NEW YORK 10-25 A. M.:—

New York, April 24.

May	7.55
July	7.72
October	7.94

NEW YORK NOON CALL:—

May	7.59
July	7.75
October	7.97

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS

New York, April 24.

Day's receipts at all	Bales.
U. S. Ports	13,000
Day's Exports to Great Britain	1,000
Day's Exports to the Continent	nil.

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, April 24.

	10-10 A. M. Quotations	To-day's Closing
April, 1933		5.13+08
May, 1933	5.11	5.13+08
June, 1933		5.13+08
July 1933	5.11	5.13+08
August, 1933		5.13+07
September, 1933		5.13+07
October, 1933	5.13	5.14+07
November		5.15+07
December, 1933		5.17+07
January, 1934	5.17	5.18+07
February, 1934		5.19+07
March, 1934	5.22	5.21+07
April, 194		5.22+09
Middling Spot		5.37+04

EGYPTION COTTON.

Liverpool, April 24.

SAKELLARIDIS.

May 1933	7.09
July 1933	7.19
October 1933	7.29
November 1933	7.35
January 1934	7.44
March 1934	7.52
April 1934	7.52
F.G.F. Spot	7.44

INDIAN COTTON.

Liverpool, April 24.

BROACH.

Fullly Good (Good Staple)	4.59
Fine (Good Staple)	4.71
Superfine (Good Staple)	4.83

OOMRA.

Good (No. 1 Staple)	4.56
Superfine (No. 1 Staple)	4.71
Choice (No. 1 Staple)	4.86

BENGAL.

Good	3.87
Fine	3.97
Superfine	4.07

SCINDE.

Good	3.97
Fine	4.07
Superfine	4.17

NEW YORK SILVER

New York, April 24.

Spot Silver 37-1/4 plus 1-3/4c.
May Delivery 37.00 plus 1.00c
Tone:—Firm.

WALL-STREET MARKET

New York, April 24.

Messrs. Batliwala & Karani have issued the following report showing closing quotations of the New York Stock Exchange:—

	Dollars.
Anaconda Copper Mining	12¼
Int. Nickel Common	13¼
American Power & Light Common	7½
American Power & Light Pretd. dol. 6	15
American Forn. Power Common	9
American Forn. Power Gold Debs.	40
American Forn. Power Pref. 7 p.c.	17
Electric Bond Common	16¼
Electric Bond Prefd. dol. 5	29
Electric Bond Prefd. 6 p.c.	
Chrysler	15
General Motors	18½
Union Carbide	32
Columbia Gas	14
Consolidated Gas	46
American Tel.	96
Kansas City Southern	11
National Dairy	18
Western Union Telg.	28
Drug Inc.	41½
Standard Oil of New Jersey	34
Sun Life of Canada	250
United Aircraft	27
United Steel	43¼
Cheasapeake & Ohio	32¼
Union Pacific R. R.	74½
Louisville & Nashville	38
Pacific Gas & Elec Co.	24
Public Service Co. of N. J.	38
United Corporation	7¼
Continental Can	53
Allis Chalmers	11¼
Amer. Chicle Co.	40
Canadian Pacific R. R.	12
Standard Brands	18
Norfolk & Western	137½
Commercial Solvents	17
Canadian Pacific	12

WHEAT & SUGAR

Bullish Outlook

WHEAT.

The American Winter wheat estimate was 334 million bushels against 462 million last year and private reports state the crop has further deteriorated and the next estimate is forecast around 320 million bushels.

Regarding the Russian Spring acreage reliable information is unavailable but a substantial reduction is anticipated owing to shortage of seeds. American Spring sewings are reported to be backward due to continued drought Texas, Kansas, Nebraska and 50 per cent. abandonment of acreage is anticipated.

Bradstreet's visible American supply shows 137 million bushels against 200 million last year.

SUGAR.

The world's production of sugar is estimated at 23 1/2 million Tons with consumption upwards of 20 million Tons. Wheat Cuba segregating about 6 to 7 lakhs tons statistically the market looks very sound. Mr. Lichts' estimate of European sewings show probably an increase of 10 per cent but his forecast states there is about 22 per cent. reduction Russian sewings, the nett result being a total reduction of about 12 per cent.

Bombay Cotton

Bombay, April 25.

Following a small rise in New York Cotton, the local market opened to-day at Rs. 187/8 for Broach J./A. delivery There was some selling by offices which depressed prices to Rs. 186/12 but later on the market ruled steady with short covering. There was only restricted business to-day and prices fluctuations were narrow.

The Liverpool market was due to open at a decline of 5 points but its opened firm a rise of 2 points and further improvement of 2 points was reported. The local market was influenced by firm Liverpool advices and closed at 5-30 p.m. as under:—

Broach A./M.	181/12
Broach J/A.	188
Oomra May	171/12
Oomra July	173/
Bengal May	145/5
Bengal July	149/12

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, April 25.

Bengal Superfine	160
Bengal Fine	155
Bengal F.G.	150
Sindh-Punjab Fine	155
Sindh-Punjab F.G.	150
Wardha-Hingt Fine	182
Nagpur Savner Fine	183
Yeotmal Fine	176
Arvi Fine	177
Ellichpur Fine	176
Amraoti-Berar Fine	174
Khamgaon Fine	173
Mulkapur Fine	170
Khandesh Fine	170
Muthia F. G	166
Jalna/Saili F.G.	170
Burwah Sanavad F.G.	173
Ujjain/Shujaulpur F.G.	175
Broach F.G.	184
Punjab/American	195
Punjab/American mix	182
Cambodia	245
Miraj/Sangli	175
Compta Good	185
Bagalkot	175

OFFICIAL COTTON ROOM RATES

	Extra Spr-fine	Fine	FG	Good
M G Bengal U. P.	157	153	149	145
M G Rajputana	154	161	148	145
M G Punjab	153	150	147	144
M G Oomra No. 3	178	176	174	171
M G Oomra No. 1	185	183	181	178
M G Oomra No. 2	181	179	177	174
M G Broach No. 2	186	184	182	180
M G Punjab-Ame.	194	193	190	188
M G Surat	228	226	224	222
M G Rajpipla	226	224	222	220
M G Navsari	235	233	231	229

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES.

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY.

Bombay, April 25.

Since 1st September.

In full-pressed Bales.

	2 Days.	This year.
Khandesh	783	192,829
Central India	544	166,743
Barsi & Nagar	1,269	103,461
Hyderabad-Gaorani	274	46,636
Berar	1,358	419,029
Central Provinces	258	121,732
Total Oomras	4.486	1,050,430
Dholera	696	123,459
N.-W. Provinces		6,613
Rajputana	138	53,344
Sind-Punjab	204	95,843
Broach	5,483	239,375
Coompta & Dharwar	472	40,212
Westerns-Northerns	15z	31,823
Cocoanada		1
Tinnevelly & Cambodia		15,746
Persian		3,767
American		60,319
Egyptian & African	51	72,895
Comilla, Burma & other sorts		55
Total	11,680	1,799,682

EXPORTS FROM BOMBAY.

Bombay, April 25.

1st Sept. to 20th April.

In full-pressed Bales.

	Yesterday	This year.
Europe	60	240,515
Japan & China	1,000	782,234
Coast Ports		10,057
Up-country by Rail		88,488
Afloat in harbour for Europe, China and Japan		42,626
Total	1,060	1,163,920

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES.

Bombay, April 25.

F. P. Bales	1932-33	1931-32
Receipts to date 24-4-33	7762000	9342000
Receipts Yesterday 24-4-33	3000	8000
Exports to date 24-4-33	6481000	7370000
Stocq at Ports 21-4-33	4234000	4138000
Stock Interior Towns 21-4-33	1773000	1747000
Stock Liverpool 21-4-33	825000	85[illegible]
Visible Supply 21-4-33	8478000	8458000
Quantity in Sight 21-4-33	11662000	13879000
Quantity out of Sight 21-4-43	9988000	10619000

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, April 25.

TAXABLES.

3 1/2 p. c. C. P. Notes	87-15-6
4 p. c. 1934/37 Loan	101-4
4 p. c. 1943 Bonds	101-10
4 p. c. 1960-70 Loan	99-6-0.
4 1/2 p. c. 1934	102-2-0
4 1/2 p. c. 1955/60	106
5 p.c. 1939/44	106/3
5 p.c. 1940-43	106-7
5 p. c. 1935	104-2
5 1/2 p.c. 1938/40	107-6
6-1/2 p. c. 1935 T. B.	107/4

SHORT DATED

4 p. c. 1931-36 (Tax free	100-0
5 p. c. (Tax free) 1933	100-12
5 p.c. 1929-47	100-0
6 p.c. 1933-36	100-12

TAXFREES

5 p.c. 1945-55 Loan	112-10
6 1/2 p.c. 1935 B D L	108-3

STATE LOANS

5½ p.c. Mysore Loan	110/0
5 p.c. 1955 Mysore	111/0

CORPORATION LOANS

Taxables.

4 p. c. B. P. T. 1974	94-8
4 p. c. M. Deb. 1974	94
5 p.c. Deb. 1959	105/0
6 p.c. M. Deb. 1954	115/8
6 p.c. K. P. T. 1956	115/0
6½ p.c. B. L. T. 1937	108/0

Note:—3 1/2 per cent. Paper closes at the highest of the day. Lowest Rs. 87-10-0. 4 per cent. 1960-70, the lowest of the day was 98/15.

MONEY MARKET

Exchange Quotations

Bombay, April 25.

B. C. RATE:
T. T. and D. D. 1/5 15/16.
LONDON:
Banks Selling T. T. & D. D. 1/5 31/32.
Banks Selling T. T. 1/5 31/32 15th May.
Banks Selling T. T. 1/5 15/16 June/July.
Banks Buying T. T. 1/6 1/32.
Banks Buying D. D. 1/6 1/32.
Banks Buying 3 Mos. 1/6 3/32 April/June.
NEW YORK:
B. C. Rate T. T. 349 1/2 Nominal.
Banks Selling T. T. 347 1/2 Nominal.
Banks Buying T. T. 343 Nominal.
PARIS:
Banks Selling D. D. 665.
Banks Bying D. D. 675.
AMSTERDAM:
Banks Selling D. D. 84 7/8.
JAPAN:
Banks Selling T. T. 83 1/2 Nominal.
Banks Buying 60 Days 77 1/2 Nominal.
HONGKONG:
Banks Selling D. D. 93 3/4.
SHANGHAI:
Banks Selling D. D. 87.
SINGAPORE:
Banks Selling D. D. 155.
JAVA:
Banks Selling D. D. 65.
BERLIN:
Banks Selling D. D. 113.
CROSS RATE:
New York-London 3.87 1/4 24th inst.
Shanghai-London 1/3 3/16 25th inst.
Japan-London 1/2 5/8 25th inst.
London-Paris 89.12 24th inst.
London-Belgium 25.10 24th inst.
London-Switzerland 18.14 24th inst.
London-Italy 68.37 24th inst.
London-Berlin 15.25 24th inst.
London-Holland 8.72 24th inst.
London-Stockholm 19.12 24ht inst.
London-New York 3.87 24th inst.
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Easy.
Gold £5-18-0 22nd inst., £5-18-2 24th inst.
Silver London Ready 19 1/4 22nd inst., 20 1/16 24th inst.
Silver London Forward 19 5/16 22nd inst., 20 1/8 24th inst.
Silver New York Ready 36 22nd inst., 37 1/8 24th inst.
London Discount 3 Mos. 5/8 per cent. 22nd inst., 5/8 per cent. 24th inst.
London Discounts 6 Mos. 7/8 per cent. 22nd inst., 5/8 per cent. 24th inst
Imperial Banks Rate 3-1/2 per cent.
Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.
Money:—Call 1 per cent.
3 Mos. 1 per cent.
6 Mos. 2 per cent.
Tone:Easy.

COTTON STRADDLES

Approximate Differences

New York-Liverpool.—May 2.67; July 2.49; October 2.29;

Bombay-Liverpool:—Broach A.-May 180—Liverpool May 5.13 (Rs. 40-3/4) at Exchange 1-6.

Bombay-New York:—Broach A.-May 180—New York May 7.47 (Rs. 34½ at 3.87-1-4 Cross Rate.

THE TATA OIL MILL'S QUOTATIONS.

Ex. Godown.

Bombay, April 25.

Filtered Cocoanut Oil Ready, Rs. 305 per ton.

Filtered Cocoanut Oil Per Case of 84 lbs., Rs. 20 per case.

Cocoanut Cake Ready, Rs. 75 per ton.

BOMBAY STOCK EXCHANGE

Tata Steel Shares Strong

GENERAL SPECULATIVE SUPPORT

Bombay, April 25.

The Share Bazar displayed cheerful tone to-day with active buying of Tata Steel shares. Yesterday Cement shares were favourite and to-day Steel shares are leading the speculative counters It is expected that furtrer improvement in these shares in the near future is bound to be witnessed. Steel ordinaries are expected to reach Rs. 51 and Second Pref. shares will advance to Rs. 85.

The improvement was general. It is said that Dollar-Sterling Exchange ratio will be fixed at 3.75 and Bank Rate will be lowered in Bombay. These reports influenced increased buying for Mill shares. Fazals show a rise of Rs. 10 and Century Mill shares are Rs. 3 better as compared with the last closing. Bombay Dyeing shares also advanced Rs. 6 and Burmas are firm at a rise of Rs. 12. Andhras also fared well and registered improvement of Rs. 5.

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE.

Bombay, April 25.

Dyeing 797; 800; 802
FRANCIS April 25
Century 258; 56; 58; 60; 58
Colaba 88
Crescent 51-14
Fazal 355; 62; 63; 62
Indore 368; 70
Nagpur 346; 50; 46
New Great 146; 47
Pearl 156; 55; 56-14
Simplex 92; 97 100; 98
Swadeshi 250; 53
Burma 482; 92; 93; 93
Hydro 150
Tram 131-9; 31-14; 32-3
Def. 173; 88-2
Tata Ord. 47-8; 38; 8; 12
Bundi 24-2; 8
Katni 271; 73
Cement 63; 65
Steamer 280-10
Kohinoor 177; 76; 80

TEXTILE SECTION

Bombay, April 25.

Bombay Dyeing	802-8
Ahmedabad Advance	333-12XD
Apollo Mills	0-12
Century	258-12
Central India	348-12
Colaba	88-12
Crescent	51-14
Dawn Mills	472/8
E. D. Sassoon	0-4
Elphinstone	2-4
Ibrahim Pabaney	85
Edward Sassoon	10-0
Finley	95.0
Fazulbhoy	362-8
Gokak	130
Hindustan	1702/8
Indian Mfg.	1530
Indian Bleaching	195-10
Indore-Malwa	370
Kastoorchand	6-4
Khatau	90
Kohinoor	180
Lakshmi	905-0
Morarjee	476-4
Model Nagpore	72/8
Mysore	100/8
New City	58-0
New Great	147/8
Pearl	156/14
Phoenix	336-4
Premier	0-8
Sholapur	3300
Do Deb. (94 F.P.)	99-4
Sassoon Silk	43/8
Swan	56/4
Simplex	98/2
Swadeshi	253-2
Tata Mills	0
Vishnu	1650

HYDRO ELECTRIC SECTION.

Ahmedabad Electric	126-4
Andhra Valley	1420
Andhra Valley Pref.	1185
Bombay Tram ordy.	132-3
Bombay Tram Pref.	76.0
Surat Electric	55
Karachi Electric	180/10
Suburban Electric	139/6
Tata Power Ordy.	995
Tata Hydro Ord.	150
Tata 8 p.c. Deb.	111-14
Tata Power pref.	1260

MISCELLANEOUS SECTION

Alcock Ashdown	170
Br. Burma Petrol	2-15
Bombay Burma Old	493-2
Bombay Burma New	165
Bombay Steamer	280-10
Bombay Telephone	77-12
Belapur Sugar	181-14
Indian Radio Ordy	355
Indian Radio def	350
Indian Merchantile	38/8
McKenzies	90/10
New India Assurance	23-5
Jupiter Insurance	11/8
Oriental Insurance	2955XD
Vulcan Insurance	7-8
Fort Canning	660-0
Scindia Steam	12-10
Tata Construction	62-8
Tata Iron & S. Ordy.	48-12
Tata Defd	188-2
Tata 2nd Pref.	81-8
1st Pref.	15/14
Tata Oil	N18-4

RAILWAY SECTION

Ahmedabad Prantij	782/8
Amritsar Patti Oil	111
Central Provinces	83
Dhond Baramati	80-8
Guzerat	60-8
Hoshiarpur Doab	77
Larkhana	76-0
Mandra Bhon	73
Mymensing Rebate	79-0
Do. Gtd.	80-0
Pachora Jamner	57-0
Sara Sirajgunj	81-4
Sialkot Narowal	88-4
Sind Light	41
Tapty Valley	892/8
Upper Sind Light	86/12

BANK SECTION.

Bank of India	101-0
Baroda Bank	83/8
Bombay Provincial	56-0
Central Bank	21-10
Eastern Bank	65-0
Imperial Bank F. P.	1217/8
Imperial Bank P. P.	295-10
Union Bank	4-7

CEMENT SECTION.

Bundi Cement	24-8
Gwalior Cement	67-8
Indian Cement	265
Katni Cement Ordy.	273-12
Katni Cement Def.	980
Okha Cement	108XD
Punjab Cement ordy.	15
Punjab Cement Pref.	13/2
Shahabad	287-8
Shivrajpur	15-8
United Cement	87-4

GOLD & SILVER

Improved Buying

Bombay, April 25.

The Silver Market opened today very steady at Rs. 60/5 for Vaishakh delivery but declined to Rs. 59/13 on local long liquidation. Later on prices advanced on strong Shanghai closing advices. It is rumoured that the import duty on Silver will be lowered which resulted in widening prices of both deliveries. Gold Market opened steady at Rs. 29/0/6 for Vaishak delivery but later on prices firmed to Rs. 29/1/3 on improved buying.

Ready Silver	60	0	0
Vaishak	60	2	9
Jeth	60	12	0
Ready Gold	29	2	0
Vaishakh	29	1	3
Jeth	28	15	6

LONDON SILVER.

London, April 24.

Market:—Small amount offering.

Spot	20-1/16
Forward	20-1/8

LONDON GOLD.

London, April 24.

Gold Bars Fine per oz. £5/18/2

THE SEEDS TRADERS' ASSOCIATION.

Bombay, April 25.

Castorseeds Delivery May Opening Rs. 27/2; Highest Rs. 27/8; Closin Rs. 27/6/6.

Castorseeds Delivery September. Opening Rs. 29/2; Highest Rs. 29/3; Lowest Rs. 28/14; Closing Rs 29/2/6.

Groundnut Seeds Delivery May. Opening Rs. 30/8; Highest Rs. 30/15; Closing Rs. 30/12.

Groundnut Seeds Delivery August. Opening Rs. 32/8; Highest Rs. 32/12; Lowest Rs. 32/6/6; Closing Rs. 32/11.

SHANGHAI EXCHANGE

Shanghai, April 25.

T. T. ON LONDON:—

Previous Close	1.3
To-day's Opening	1.3 3/16
To-day's Closing	1.3 5/16
Difference	+5/16

PRODUCE RECEIPTS.

Bombay, April 25.

	Bales.
Khandesh	783
Central India	544
Barsi-Nugger	1,269
Hyderabad-Gaorani	274
Berar	1,358
Central Provinces	258
Dhollera	696
Rajputana	138
Sind-Punjab	204
Broach	5.483
Compta-Dharwar	472
Westerns-Northerns	150
East Africans	51
	Cwts.
Wheat	15,816
Linseed	12,715
Rape, Rai & Mustardseeds	544
Gingellyseed	648
Poppyseed	10
Groundnuts	17,608
Castorseed	5,980
Rice	32,823
Myrtobollams	5,012
Cottonseed	5,733
Grain	1,061
Joowar	2,490
Barley	61
Bajree	1,709
	Tons.
Coal	490

CITY AND SUBURBS

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day

Hindu—Vaishak Shud 2. 1989.
Muslim—Zilhed 30. 1352.
Parsi—Avan 22. 1302.
Sunrise—6h. 13m.
Sunset—6h. 59m.
Hightide—0-14. 12-0
Lowtide.—6.22. 1-9.

PHASES OF THE MOON—First Quarter 3rd May, 4h. 9m. a. m Full Moon 10th May. 3h. 34m. a m. Last Quarter 16th May 6h. 20m. p. m.

Municipal Standing Committee, 4-10 p.m.

THURSDAY, April 27.

Municipal Corporation, 3-40 p.m.

MONDAY, May 1.

Results of Intermediate Examination in Science, University Hall. 3 p.m.

HOMOEOPATHIC POST-GRADUATE ASSOCIATION, BOMBAY: The monthly clinical meeting of the Homoeopathic Post-Graduate Association, will be held to-day, (Wednesday), at 3 p. m. (S. T.) at Sekh Saria Building Parekh Street, Sandhurst Road. The subject for discussion will be "Repertory Study of a case of Primary Melancholia."

JANJIRA C. K. P. SAMAJIK SANGH: Under the auspices of the above Sangh, a meeting will be held to-day (Wednesday) at 9 p. m. at the Progressive High School, 371, Girgaon Back Road, Bombay, on account of "Shree Shiv Jayantyutsav". The Secretary of the Sangh requests all members to attend the meeting in time.

"THREE ART'S CIRCLE.": The Three Arts Circle will hold a special reception to-day (Wednesday) at 5-30 p. m. at Aiwane' Rif'at, in honour of H. E. Hassan Raoof Bey and Maulana Shaukat Ali who will speak on the Rise and Fall of the Ottoman Empire" and "America-India."

The entertainment includes Mohommed Ali's Sketch on "Indonesia", Asis Ali's Songs, Mr. William's Mason Humorous Dialogue, and Expert "Dilruba."

PUBLIC LECTURE: Maulana Mahomed Sheesh Joadat will deliver a Lecture on "Importance of religion" at Memon Mohallah, Kambekar Street, to-day, (Wednesday) at 10 p. m. Standard Time. All are cordially invited to attend. Loud speakers are provided.

EXAMINER'S MEeTING: The final meeting of the Examiners at the Intermediate Science Examination for the declaration of the results will be held in the Syndicate Room, University North Wing, on Saturday, the (29th April, 1933) at 11-30 a. m. instead of on Monday, (1st May, 1933), as previously announced.

IMPERIAL HIGH SCHOOL: A Social Gathering of the members of the Imperial High School Ex-Students' Association, will be held on Friday (28th April) at 6 p. m. in the School premises.

All members of the Association are invited to attend the function.

DAILY AMUSEMENTS

EMPIRE:—"Week Ends Only." Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EXCELSIOR:—"They Just had to Get Married." Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EMPRESS:—"Zaheri Sanp". Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10 p.m.
CAPITOL:—"Faithless". Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
WELLINGTON:—"Puran Bhakta". Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
CARLTON:—"Mummy". Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
PATHE:—"The Sign of the Cross." Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
WEST-END:—Vagabond Prince". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
ROXY:—"Arms and the Man". Daily at 6-30 and 10 p. m.
PALACE TALKIES:—"One Hour With You. Daily at 6-30 ans 10 p.m.
GLOBE:—"Naksha-E-Sulemani". Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
KRISHNA CINEMA:—"Lanka-Dahan" Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

8-30 a. m. Commercial Bulletin. Liverpool and New York Cotton, Closing Rates.
12 Noon. Selection of Indian Gramophone Records.
12-30 p. m. Selection of European Gramophone Records.
1-00 p. m. Bombay Market: Opening Rates.

INDIAN PROGRAMME

6-00 p. m. News available. Relay of Music from Pathe Cinema.
6-30 p. m. Educational Hour. Talk by Vasantrao N. Naik, Esq., M. A. on "Habit is an essential Element in Education" in Marathi.
7-00 p. m. Talk by Prof. Santos on "Commerce and Leisure" in English.
7-30 p. m. Cotton, Silver, Gold, Seeds, Wheat, Stock Exchange and other Market Prices.
8-30 p. m. Empire Relay.
9-15 p. m. News in Hindi. New York Opening, Liverpool Closing (or latest available) and Bombay Current Rates. Weather Report and News Bulletin.
9-30 p. m. The Radio Quartet: 1. March "Hollywood"; 2. "Valse Espagnole"; 3. Overture "The Bohemian Girl"; 4. Paraphrase "La Paloma"; Thora Swann—Songs. The Quartet. 1. Violin solo "Legende"; Domnic J. Pereira; 2. Concertone for 1 violins and piano Mozart "Jota Navarra." Thora Swann, The Quartet; 1. Selection "Norma" Bellini; 2. Waltz "Avia" Leopold.
10-45 p. m. God Save the King Emperor.

EMPIRE BROADCASTING

7-00 p. m.—Time Signal from Big Ben. News Bulletin.
7-15 p. m. Concert by the Scottish Studio Orchestra.
7-30 p. m. Vaudeville programme (Gramophone records.)
8-00 p. m. Concert by the Bournemouth Municipal Orchestra.
9-15 p. m. Reginald Foort at the organ of the Regal, Kingston-on-Thames, Tooting.
9-45 p.m. Dance Music by Geraldo and his Orchestra, followed by the Savoy Hotel Orphans.
10-0 p.m. Designs in Modern Life—Clothes, a discussion by Mr. Edward Halliday and Mr. James Laver.

EVERY STAR OF RADIO LAND IN A HEART-STIRRING ROMANCE!
Everyone famous... appearing together in a drama of the microphone... revealing their trials... their struggles... their loves... their hates... the real story of the men and women of the air.
THE BIG BROADCAST
WITH
BING CROSBY
STUART ERWIN
BURNS & ALLEN
LEILA HYAMS
MILLS BROTHERS
KATE SMITH
ARTHUR TRACY THE STREET SINGER
BOSWELL SISTERS
CAB CALLOWAY AND HIS ORCHESTRA
VINCENT LOPEZ AND HIS ORCHESTRA
a Paramount Picture
PATHE
SATURDAY NEXT

CONFIDENCE IN MEYER NISSIM

Improvements Committee Re-Elects Him Chairman

TRUST'S ACHIEVEMENT

Hopes Of Fructification Of Amalgamation Scheme

Mr. Meyer Nissim was re-elected chairman of the Bombay Improvements Committee on Tuesday unanimously.

Generally, the election of the Chairman holds good for one year and in re-electing him for the second year, the members of the Committee expressed their full confidence in him.

Mr Nissim thanked his colleagues for the unique honour and said:

In view of the amalgamation of the Trust with the Municipality being apparently very near in sight, I feel that it would presumably be in the mutual interest of both bodies to have as Chairman of our Committee associated with the Chief Officer on one hand and the Municipal Commissioner on the other, one who is quite conversant not only with the affairs of the Trust but also with the details of the negotiations in the matter passing between the Government and the Corporation.

TRUST'S ACHIEVEMENT.

I do not propose to review the activities of the Trust during the past year as you are well aware of them. But I feel that I should avail myself of this opportunity to bring prominently to the notice of the public the most important feature of our work, viz. the marked improvement brought about in respect of the finances and credit of the Trust. The heavy floating debt amounting approximately to Rs. 90 lacs which like an incumbus had a firm strangle hold on the Trust has now been happily liquidated. While it was feared in the beginning of the year that it would be necessary to raise a loan of Rs. 50 lacs it is our good fortune to find that a loan of Rs. 18 lacs has sufficed owing to the disposal of our debentures for which at one time there were no buyers in the market. While not so long as 14 months ago the Trust found great difficulty to raise money in the market for its requirements it is now a happy circumstance that we are in a position to decline financial accommodation though readily offered.

EXCELLENT TEAM WORK.

We have now arrived at a stage when we can resume our work in the coming year with renewed hope and confidence. I assure you that this happy consummation is the result of the excellent team work which our Committee did in the past year the co-operation which each one of us brought to bear on our work and the ready and willing help which our Chief Officer and his staff gave us in the discharge of our duties. I have good reason to believe that the goal of amalgamation of the Trust with the Municipality will at last be reached in the course of the coming year."

COMMUNAL RIOT ECHO.

The Committee then considered a letter from the Chief Officer dated 13th April stating:

"The Bombay Municipality has sent about 2,000 bills for Rs. 28,200 in respect of the additional general tax in connection with Impost Nos. 5, 6 and 7 relating to communal riots in the years 1929 and 1930. The amount is being collected under orders of the Chief Presidency Magistrate. The bills will have to be verified and amended if necessary.

There is no provision for the payment of this amount in the current year's budget. I, therefore, recommend the payment of this amount for the sanction of the Committee and the Board out of the Cash Balance.

The recovery of this impost is to be effected by a proportionate charge to be preferred against the Trust tenants according to the rents they pay to the Board. As recoveries of the said tax will have to be effected from thousands of tenants occupying Board's Chawls, S. P. Sheds and acquired properties, it is doubtful how much out of the amount can be recovered. Further some tenants of the Trust may claim exemption on account of their being government servants, or Municipal employees or on other grounds. Some tenants may vacate the premises before payment and suits may have to be filed abainst the tenants who fail or refuse to pay. The recoveries when made will be credited to General Account Expenditure, Municipal Rates and Taxes, under their respective schemes."

The Committee agreed to the Chief Officer's proposal.

Mr. Meyer Nissim

CASE AGAINST HALAI DISMISSED

Magistrate Orders Immediate Return Of Books And Papers Seized By Police

Mr. W. T. Halai, Special Permanent Director of the Indian Cotton Exchange against whom a complaint had been filed on charges of criminal breach of trust and cheating, was discharged on Tuesday by Mr. Oscar Brown, Presidency Magistrate, Third Court, Bombay.

Mr. Gadkari, Advocate for the complainant argued at length.

The order, dismissing the complaint, was made, following a discussion over the right of the complainant to call for certain entries in the account books of the Exchange. The defence contended that the complainant should not be allowed to fish in the account books and tender the entries, but should mention specific items.

The Magistrate upheld the objection, remarking that the allegations contained in the complaint were far too vague, and he could not allow them to go by the back door, when they had failed to go by the front door.

COMPLAINANT'S PLEA.

The complainant stated that he had come in possession of certain facts subsequent to the filing of the complaint, as the C.I.D. Inspector had shown him all the records he had taken away, and that it was on the strength of these that he was asking for the entries in the account books.

The Magistrate said in that case, it would be open to him to have the complaint dismissed and file a fresh complaint if he so chose, but must take the consequences, especially after withdrawing the same allegations in the High Court.

The learned Magistrate then drew Mr. Bhimji's attention that there would not have been all this fuss, if Mr. Halai had gone to Mr. Achrekar and explained to him.

Mr. Bhimji in reply stated that His Worship knew perfectly well as to how Mr. Achrekar had behaved and how he wanted to embarrass Mr. Halai when the High Court suit was on Board of one of the Judges, and his clients, boldly faced the trial which ought to proceed legally and judicially, and he requested the Court that as this was a warrant case, the Court should proceed under Section 153 (A or B) of the Cr. P. C.

Mr. Bhimji stated that he had only half-a-dozen questions to ask the complainant and produce the High Court record which would show that the complaint against his client was baseless. In the High Court suit, the parties not only declared Mr. Halai as a special permanent director, but with their own hands handed over the funds and securities under the order of the High Court which he was alleged to have misappropriated, and the complaint before the Court was that he had not published the accounts which then had not been due, but because the complainant had got the same withheld in the Court.

DISMISSED

The complainant then indicated that he did not wish to lead further evidence, and the Magistrate accordingly dismissed the complaint, refusing a request made by the Defence solicitor to cross-examine the complainant.

The allegation made by the complainant, Mr. Jhaverilal Maganlal, a member of the Exchange, was that it was a bogus concern and that he and other members had been cheated, and that Mr. Halai had misappropriated one lakh of rupees.

On the application of Mr. Bhimji, the Court ordered the books and papers seized by the police to be forthwith returned to Mr. Halai.

SETH JAMNALAL TO TAKE COMPLETE REST

BOMBAY, April 25.

Seth Jamanalal Bajaj who was recently released from jail on the expiry of his term of imprisonment is still reported to be suffering from serious ear trouble. He is proceeding to Almora on medical advice. He intends to stay for a couple of months in the lonely interior of the Himalayas away even from Almora town. He has been ordered not to receive any visitors as complete mental and physical rest is considered absolutely necessary in the present state of his health.—A.P.

DR. N. J. THANAWALA

Dr. Nariman Jehanbaksh Thanawala who having obtained the M.D. (Gyn.), degree of the Bombay Uniaersity last year htd proceeded for further studies and practical experience has successfully passed L.M. (Rotunda) and D. G. O. (London).

Simla, April 25.—His Highness the Jamsaheb of Nawanagar is expected to arrive in Simla and to be a guest of the Viceroy.—A. P.

HUNT FOR BULLETINS

Raid And Arrest At Khar Road

Sub.-Inspector Kamath of the C. I. D. raided "Vidya Vilas" the residence of Channubhai Hiralal Kapadia at Khar Road, on Wednesday, and in the course of the search, discovered a cyclostyle machine with latest Congress bulletins, stencils, etc.

Mr. Kapadia was arrested and taken to the Esplanade lock-up.

BASAVA JAYANTI CELEBRATION.—Under the auspices of the Bombay Lingayath Commission Agents' Association, Sri Basava Jayanti will be celebrated to-morrow (Thursday) at Devakaran Manslon, Princess Street. The Hon. Dewan Bahadur S. T. Kambli, Minister for Education will be present on the occasion.

BOMBAY GIRNI KAMGAR UNION.—Under the auspices of the Bombay Girni Kamgar (Red Flag) Union, a general meeting of the Mill Workers will be held today (Wednesday) at 6 p.m. at Lalbaug Maidan. M. G. L. Kandalkar will preside and speeches on Trade Union Unity and the need for a General Strike will be made.

FRESH REVELATIONS IN EMPIRE THEATRE OUTRAGE

Five Accused Remanded To Custody Till May 9, Pending Bapat's Arrest: Barve Ordered To Be Bailed Out

In applying for the further remand till 9th May, of Vasudeo S. Hardikar, Vithal L. Bhatkar, Balchandra V. Savai and Vasudeo J. Pawar in police custody; of Magnesh C. Pagnis in police custody and not on bail as previously was the case since his release interfered with the work of the police and of Purshottam H. Barve, on bail, some more revelations were made before Mr. Jungalwala, Presidency Magistrate, Dadar Court regarding the alleged gang concerned in the cases of the bomb explosions in the Empire Cinema and the robbery on the Lady Jamshedji Road.

All the accused who were arrested this month are supposed to be members of Anand Mahal, a revolutionary association started on 27th March last under the leadership of Janardhan Balkrishna Bapat who figured as an accused in Lamington Road shooting case of 1930. The object of this association was to organise a revolutionary movement against the Government and its programme included the commission of robberies and dacoities to secure funds and to terrorise the people and the police after manufacturing explosives and securing arms.

FIRST EXPLOSION.

It is alleged that the first bomb explosion which took place on 25th March, injuring one European is associated with the activities of V. M. Bhatkar, B. S. Hardikar, B. V. Saval, V. J. Pawar and J. B. Bapat; they were thrown by way of celebrating the third death anniversary of Bhagat Singh, Rajguru and Sukdeo.

On 7th instant, V. S. Hardikar and B. J. Pawar assaulted the complainant V. V. Dhamankar, a school master in the Municipal Marathi Boys' School at Dadar and robbed him of Rs. 1,900 in G. C. notes. V. M. Bhatkar took away the bag containing the money on a cycle and ultimately accompanied by B. V. Saval handed it to M. C. Pagnis, who was declared to be President of Anand Mahal.

PENDING BAPAT'S ARREST.

As J. B. Bapat is still to be arrested, the stolen property to be recovered and other inquiries to be made, B. S. Hardikar, V. M. Bhatkar, B. V. Saval, V. J. Pawar and M. C. Pagnis were remanded in police custody till 9th May while P. H. Barve was ordered to be released on bail.

CONSUMPTION OF INDIAN COTTON

Bombay, April 24.

The Indian Central Cotton Committee has issued the following Statement of Indian Cotton Consumed in Mills in India, Based on Returns made under the Indian Cotton Cess Act, 1923, by mills in British India and on Voluntary Returns from mills in Indian States:—

(In bales of 400 lbs.)

	CONSUMPTION.			
	March, 1933.	During March 1932.	Since 1st Sept. 193..	During corr. period last year.
British India	161,341	162,444	1,198,751	1,180,102
Indian States	29,228	31,054	218,571	204,536
Total—India	190,569	193,498	1,417,322	1,384,638

YOUR LAST CHANCE TO SEE
The Spectacle of Spectacles
THE SIGN OF THE CROSS
Last 3 Days
PATHE
3-30, 6-30 and 10 P.M.

THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 26, 1933

WHITHER DRIFTING?

Much as we sympathise with the Congress leaders in their sufferings and heavy responsibilities, we cannot but deplore the policy of drift which many of those who are free seem to be following. From every point of view the present situation in Congress politics is most unsatisfactory. There is indeed hardly any effective political agitation in the country, constitutional or extra-constitutional. There is stagnation all round and people are wondering why Congress leaders tolerate it. For the time being Civil Disobedience has almost fizzled out. A feeling of war-weariness seems to have crept over many Congress workers.

STAGNATION.

Nationalists are becoming increasingly passive in their sympathies and less responsive to any call to action. Programmes other than Civil Disobedience, with the exception of anti-untouchability work, are poorly organised and carried on in an aimless haphazard manner. It is easy to say that Indians should not care for the Joint Committee and that their work lies in India. But evidently many find it hard to organise any effective work here' If this stagnation is allowed to continue much longer, a severe re-action may set in against the Congress itself, support may drift away from the Congress and a feeling of helplessness if not of desperation be engendered. That is surely not a contingency that Congress leaders can afford to dismiss as improbable. The present position therefore is, from the Congress point of view itself, extremely unsatisfactory and the responsibility for it rests largely upon wrong Congress tactics, now pursued in a spirit of fanaticism regardless of consequences.

THAT CONFERENCE.

Congress leaders must recognise their responsibility. They alone can rouse the country out of its present state of inertion, if they only make an earnest effort to that end. We looked forward to such an effort at the Calcutta session of the Congress, but both Government and Congress leaders bungled, and the session degenerated into a mere demonstration of self-assertiveness without any serious attempt at a dispassionate discussion of the various issues that need to be considered with the utmost seriousness. Mr. Aney, the Acting Congress President, then promised to convene a Congress leaders' conference. Commending the idea, we pleaded for a very early conference in the hope that it might facilitate some measure of united action among all Nationalist groups. Three weeks have passed since then but the conference is yet to be held.

UNITY WAITS.

About the same time that Mr. Aney promised to call a conference of Congress leaders, Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya announced his intention to resume his efforts to complete the communal settlement that was merely completed at the last Unity Conferences at Lucknow and Allahabad. But we do not see any sign of those attempts as yet. To say that they have to be held up until the return of Maulana Shaukat Ali is hardly fair either to the Maulana or other leaders here, who are most anxious not to allow any avoidable delay in settling the communal question. Anyway the Maulana has now returned and we trust that Pandit Malaviya and Mr. Aney will attend to their self-chosen tasks without any further delay.

TWO URGENT TASKS.

A meeting of Congress leaders is most urgent. And it will be their duty to discuss frankly and courageously the whole situation in all its bearings. It will also be their duty to give a clear practical and fruitful lead to all those who have been very properly advised that their work is here and not in London and who want to know more about their work and the best ways of organising it. We have already suggested that, all things considered, it would be best for the Congress leaders to call off Civil Disobedience. But whether they do so or not, they surely must place before the millions, who, for one reason or other cannot in any way support that campaign, alternative programmes and organise those programmes thoroughly. There is for instance the Swadeshi programme. As many Congressmen seem to think that it is a minor programme, a tame affair that can be safely left to non-Congressmen, it has failed to develop the strength and driving force that it could and ought to have. The least that the Congress leaders who are free can do to redeem the present situation is to reinvigorate and sustain in an intensified form the Swadeshi campaign and to bring about a genuine and lasting communal settlement.

(Since the above was written we have received the news that the Leaders' Conference will be held in Delhi on April 30.)

Moloch Of The Railways

In opening the Rail-Road Conference at Simla the Viceroy assured that body that the Government of India approached the discussions with an entirely open mind, and he asked the members to pay them the same compliment. But after reading the speeches of Sir Frank Noyce and Sir Guthrie Russel, who are responsible for the administration of the vast net work of railways in India, and the resolutions placed before the Conference, we are forced to the conclusion that the Conference is held for the definite purpose of penalising road transport, because it has cut into the monopoly which the railways have enjoyed all these years and which they have misused to their own cost. The Viceroy reminded those present that the country had invested 700 to 800 crores of rupees in these railways, and that they must devise means to get a fair return on that amount by adjusting the Rail-Road problem

THE REAL OBJECT.

We have no hesitation in saying that the railways are suffering, because they have failed to adjust themselves to the growing needs of the country, and also because they have been worked to the disadvantage of Indian trade and commerce. Both Indian merchants and passengers have been appealing to the railway companies for decades past to come down from their high pedestal and meet them half-way, but this humble request has been refused with contempt and is it any wonder that they are looking to newer methods of transport to serve their requirements? The Rail-Road Conference is intended to keep intact the monopoly of the railways in passenger and goods traffic whether they meet the requirements of the public or not. Road transport is to be regarded only as an auxiliary and encouraged and developed only where it serves as a feeder to the Railways What is required on the railways at present is the remorseless cutting down of the enormous overhead charges and the ending of suicidal competition between the railways themselves. The Railway Board must first put its own house in order, instead of penalising competitive road traffic

BUSSES PREFERRED.

The railway companies, it has been the general complaint of Indian politicians, have been systematically neglecting the third-class passengers, and lavishing all their money and attention on luxury travelling. The Chief Commissioner of Railways confessed that third-class passengers contributed no less than 89 per cent. of the passenger traffic contributions, and yet the managements have been treating these patrons all these years like cattle. There has been very little, if any, improvement in the comforts of the third-class travelling public; third class passengers are treated with contempt and insults are heaped on their devoted heads. At the same time every available rupee is spent on providing more conveniences for the 1st and 2nd class passengers, though the railways suffer an actual loss on this traffic. Is it any wonder then that third-class passengers are increasingly patronising the road traffic, which is as cheap and efficient, as the Railways and can compare favourably in the matter of comfort? What is more they find it conducive to their self-respect, though Sir Guthrie Russel may not be a great believer in such sentiments as far as these passengers are concerned.

NEMESIS.

Sir Guthrie complained that goods traffic is now being diverted to road transport, though for long distances railways still hold the monopoly. The reason for this is simple. The railways have consistently and superciliously failed to meet the repeated requests of Indian merchants and have not only placed obstructions in the way of trade, by refusing to give them facilities, but favoured foreign merchants at their cost. Nemesis has now overtaken the railways. The country will not tolerate any measures intended to penalise and stifle competition on the part of road traffic, to allow railways to maintain their costly establishments. Moreover, we are the more suspicious of this new-born anxiety, in face of the White Paper which proposes to constitute the Railway Board into a statutory body, independent of the Assembly and the control of Indians, though it will control about 800 crores belonging to the children of the soil. The Chief Commissioner almost threatened that, if the railways failed to meet their costly establishment and interest charges, the country would have to bear further taxation. Is it the intention of the Government to give a monopoly of all traffic in the country to the railways, ensure their income for all time, and then set up a statutory board for their administration, in which not Indians, but foreigners will have a predominant voice? We want more information on the point.

PRESS VIEWS

United Resistance

We think that the chances of scrapping the constitution either by wrecking it or by using it in a manner to get its withdrawal at the earliest possible moment will be facilitated by a closer co-operation of the different political and communal groups. This co-operation may not necessarily take the same shape or form as by entering the legislatures. But it should not be impossible by means of a national political convention to formulate the demands and accord the support of the nation to those who will according to an agreed programme work for the enforcement of those demands.—"A. B. Patrika."

What Britain Must Learn

In dealing with India Britain will have to give preference to Indian interests. That is the way, perhaps the only way, in which permanent friendship can be established between India and Britain. Any attempt to further British interests, especially British economic interests, at the cost of Indian interests will stand in the way of the establishment of friendly relations between the two countries. This should be fully realized by our rulers and, as soon as this realization comes, the situation in India will automatically improve. Britain's militant nationalism may suffer but there will be nothing that may stand in the way of the furtherance of her refined self-interest, of course so far as that interest may be furthered in India or through India.—"Mussalman."

Co-Education

"The main difficulty about providing separate female institutions is the lack of women teachers. It will be difficult to prevent co-education unless a larger number of women teachers are available than is the case at present, so says the report on the progress of education in the Punjab. The difficulty can be elliminated by drafting male teachers to "separate female institutions". The report however does not say that whether public opinion in the Punjab is for or against co-education. It is pleasing to note that education of girls is spreading. The report discloses a steady increase in the number of girls under instruction and in the proportion of pupils to the total population.—"Liberty."

America's Chance

The British boycott of Russian goods will throw open large channels of trade between Russia and U.S.A. The latter has gone off the gold standard and debased its currency like Japan. American goods may become as cheap as Japanese very soon. England will soon have to fight with her back to the wall to retain its world trade as much against the competition of U. S. A. as of Japan. Under such circumstances it is not a prudent policy to antagonise Ireland and Russia, who will now throw open their doors widely for the entry of American goods.—"Sind Observer."

TENANTS AND THE RIOT TAX

(By M. D. CHOKSEY, B.A.,LL.B. Advocate.)

The City of Bombay had the misfortune of witnessing several riots during a short span of years, first in 1922, second in 1929, and the last recently in May 1932. One cannot be sure that the same unhappy spectacle may not be repeated again with perhaps more damage and loss of life than the last one, the total pecuniary loss of which is estimated at an approximate figure of rupees three crores.

It is not the purpose of this article to discuss the various counteracting forces which culminate in such riots. It is proposed to put before the reader the effects of such riots on the tax-payers of the city, since it is a matter of grave economic consequence of sufficient public importance. It is also one of the programmes which the Bombay Tenants' Association has recently begun to take interest.

EXAGGERATED CLAIMS.

It is common knowledge that after normal conditions prevail in the city, the persons who may have suffered any damage in person or property are called upon to lodge their claims in the Court of the Chief Presidency Magistrate under section 45 of the city of Bombay Police Act, whose decision in the matter is final and non-appealable.

It is also generally known that very exaggerated claims are put forward, which are ordinarily admitted without any or slight reduction after a superficial inquiry into the merits and bone fides of such claims. It is a matter of some importance to know that this time the Landlords' Association engaged on their behalf a legal practitioner to contest and watch over the proceedings as a result of which many of the claims have been substantially reduced.

It is but proper in future that the Bombay Tenants' Association should also retain a lawyer on behalf of the general body of ratepayers to protect their interests, as the real incidence of such burden indirectly falls upon them as will be seen in the succeeding paragraph.

TENANTS TO PAY.

To pay off these claims the Bombay Municipal Commissioner is required to collect a tax called the Riot Tax along with the Municipal and Water Tax from the landlords, who in their turn shift the burden of such tax upon the tenants. Such tax has been recovered from the tenants in respect of 1922 and 1929 riots and the same process will be repeated in respect of the last riot.

It requires no argument to convince anybody now of the exorbitant rents being recovered from the tenants, which fact is amply borne out by a resolution of 25 per cent reduction in existing rents passed by the Bombay Corporation and the solid support being given to

(Continued on page 7)

Law Should Be Altered To Shift The Burden

Frankly Speaking

THE NEW LOAN.

In announcing their new 3-1/2 per cent. Loan, Government are naturally taking advantage of the abnormally low rate of interest ruling in the country, owing to the economic depression.

The loan will be a success despite its low rate, for the simple reason that, there is much capital that is idle at present, and that fights shy of the commodity market, owing to the falling prices.

The success of these loans cannot be regarded as an indication of sound credit, or, as an expression of confidence in the general financial policy of the Government.

The reduced debt charges should enable Government to reduce taxation to some extent. But, in all probability, they will care more for fully restoring the salary-cut than for the taxpayer.

DID THEY WANT IT?

France can never discuss the question of disarmament, without harping on international security. M. Herriot was the wrong person to be sent to Washington, unless they wanted the Conference to be a mere farce.

France, now perhaps, is the most powerful country in the world, and, of course, the most heavily armed. She has a number of friends among the warlike and very turbulent Central European States, many of whom are her own creations.

Herriot is a Radical or Socialist only in name. In France, the party labels of politicians have little meaning, and most of them are Chauvinists of the worst kind.

These politicians are merely playing with disarmament, and are never serious about it.

If they were, they would have adopted the Russian plan for complete disarmament, or even for gradual disarmament. But they are not serious.

WHAT A CONTRAST!

How the Soviet Government treat their prisoners is a question of much interest to Indians, especially to those who have had any experience of Indian jails.

Mr. Strang, the British Charge-d'Affaires, after visiting Thornton and MacDonald in prison, is reported to have observed that they are not confined in separate cells, but are housed in a large room in a wing of a hospital, where they enjoy unrestricted freedom. They use their own clothes, are allowed newspapers, books and letters, and may be visited every ten days.

What a contrast to the treatment of Civil Disobedience prisoners in India, whose offence does not involve any moral turpitude.

Many lady prisoners of social standing are being treated like habitual criminals, are not allowed to use their own clothes, or to read newspapers. They are allowed, visitors only once in three months, and to write one letter—often a post-card—during that period.

It must be admitted, however that European prisoners are much better treated in India.

MISGUIDED ZEAL.

The Madras Government have, apparently, been compelled to moderate their zeal for restoring the 10 per cent. cut in the salaries of the Services.

While, even the Secretary of State for India, and the Government of India thought that the restoration of 5 per cent. was enough, the Madras Government would not be satisfied with these half measures.

The Government have given no relief to the lower middle classes, who have been hard hit by the present high taxes. Even the European community was opposed to the restoration of the 10 per cent. cut, because its pockets were touched.

In Madras they have already introduced a new scale of salaries for the Provincial Services, and the same requires to be done in Bombay. We do not yet know how far the Government have decided to implement the recommendations of the Thomas Committee's report.

We are afraid, they are wasting time in doing little, or nothing. The public are not satisfied with this policy of hastening slowly.

A WISE DECISION.

It is a wise decision of the Bombay Government not to abolish the Poona Agricultural College, which has been built at so much expense to the tax-payers of this Presidency.

Though the institution has not been a qualified success, perhaps due to the policy of the Government, the country wants it all the same.

If the Government want to economise, they ought to scrap the superfluous Arts College. They should also bring down the scale of salaries now being paid to professors, both Indian and European.

The Government have increased the fees considerably, though perhaps, they took that step reluctantly. We believe, it is quite possible to have the same amount of efficiency as before, by refusing to pay bloated salaries to the staff on a scale not at all in keeping with Indian economic conditions

AN ALL-FAITHS CONFERENCE.

We do not know what has happened to the proposal of Shankracharya Kurtkoti to convene an All-Faiths Conference at Nasik. But the First International Religious Conference has already been inaugurated at Bangalore, on Friday, and is said to have been attended by delegates representing various religions.

It used to be said that, Muslims are against such conferences, but the Bangalore Conference was largely promoted by Muslims. It was held in the City Muslim Hall, and the Chairman of the Reception Committee was a Muslim.

Conferences like these may be long in yielding tangible results, but they are a move in the right direction, and may do much to promote tolerance.

They will be more useful, if they promote the study of comparative religion including the study of pure Rationalism.

Readers' Views

INDEPENDENCE BY CONSTITUTIONAL MEANS?

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—Really strange is the way of thinking and the way of work of our Indian Liberals. They no doubt want independence for India. But they want to win it by constitutional means.

In spite of their high educational attainments and eminence in the knowledge of the world affairs, it is a pity that they still hold an unchanging faith in their doctrine of attaining their goal by constitutional means. It will not be possible for them to quote any precedent in support of this their doctrine. But in spite of any such precedent in the world's history they profess to believe in constitutionalism.

Their definition of what is constitutional is also unique. To be constitutional means, in their opinion, not going beyond persuading a party by mere advice. In pursuance of this their chalked-out path they have, the other day, expressed their disapproval of the British Government's repressive Indian policy and also of the Congress's "unconstitutional" C. D. Movement and to make the road clear for them (Liberals) to achieve "Swaraj" they have advised the Government to give up repression and the Congress to call off the C. D. Movement.

One does not know whether they believe that either of the warring parties is going to take their advice. It is clear as daylight that there is no likelihood of the Government's acting up to this advice simply because it comes from Liberals. The Government have certainly not such a soft heart. The Congress also does not appear to be of such weak stuff as its soul has gone stiffer than iron by self-purification and self-sacrifice.

The Government want to retain their power as long as possible while the Congress wants to snatch it from their hands as soon as possible and hence this non-violent war unique in the world's history.

The warring parties can only come to terms when either of them is convinced that its weapons are no longer effective. Until then any advice from onlookers is of little value to them. Merely giving advice is a waste of energy.—Yours, etc.,

N. B. PARULEKAR.

Byculla Bridge, April 20th.

CURE FOR LEPROSY

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—In view of the large number of lepers that India has and for whose benefit and information I write this, I beseech you to give this letter as much publicity as possible in your esteemed paper and oblige.

We are not yet aware of any leprosy case that has been radically cured. But that indigenous medicines work wonders none can deny.

There lives in a place near Madras a young villager who can neither write nor read. According to his statement he chanced to come across a famous Aghori whom he served for well over three years, as a reward for which services he was taught a recipe for the cure of leprosy. This illiterate simpleton has been practising since quite a long time in the villages with tremendous success and has been curing leprosy of all sorts in the most wonderful way.

Since he is illiterate he remains unknown. I have personally seen a large number of cases that he has cured and I hasten to inform all concerned to take advantage of this unique opportunity. I shall gladly give all those who would like to know more about him, all the information that I have.—Yours, etc.,

A. S. EDWIN.

73/1, Metcalfe Street,
Calcutta, April 23.

BANDRA PARISHES

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—Your correspondent "Aggrieved Layman" deserves credit for his brief exposition of the facts in connection with irregularities due to the division of parishes in Bandra but while fully endorsing his views I do not appreciate his writing under a pen name.

Will the writer be good enough to furnish me with his name and address, as I am inclined to believe he is in possession of facts which will provide material for the petition which is going to be drawn up to be forwarded to H E the Viceroy of India to save British subjects from the tyrannous yoke of the Portuguese Padroado which though extinct survives in an insidious but none the less vigorous shape'.—Yours, etc.,

A. D. ABREO.

Palli, Bandra, April 25.

RAILWAY MOTOR SERVICES

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir —It is a matter of doubt if a Railway Company is really a desirable form of organisation to run motor services.

In collection and delivery work it appears to have achieved over a long period of years a remarkably efficient system. It is too early to see yet the financial results of this development; but in the past when motor bus services have been run by Railways as feeders the results have been far from remunerative.

Railways abroad have long preferred to contract with an established Motor Operating Co. to run such services, while the American Railways have been careful when entering the motor bus service field to form subsidiary organisations to conduct their management.

A Railway entering the motor bus or road haulage field suffers from labour conditions more strict than those appertaining to the local motor bus company; it also suffers somewhat from the centralised form of its management and the large scale size of its organisation.

Small road undertakings grow and foster a traffic which has to die through being uneconomical. Such small undertakings do not mind running their motor buses and lorries to death in about two years, the passengers being perfectly pleased to get about cheaply and the owners and drivers being satisfied to get a living wage for a year or two before they throw the motor into the ditch.

In short the whole problem is fraught with considerable difficulties and the more it is studied the more it is realised that each individual case demands its own solution or rather combination of solutions.—Yours, etc.,

M. E. COOHAN.

Junagad, April 22.

POETS' TRIP TO NOVHA

(From: A Correspondent.)

The Bazm-e-Khayal held a "Moshaira" on Sunday, the 23rd instant, at Novha Island in response to the kind invitation of Sir Emir Muhammad Yusuf. We were in all about thirty persons, including Saghar Nizami and Manzar Siddiqi, poets of great repute, who had specially come for the annual Moshaira held some time back in Bombay and were fortunately in Bombay and accompanied us on the trip.

To most of us, it was a maiden voyage. We reached Novha punctually at 12 noon, where we were received by the Emir's Karbari and other persons.

ODES RECITED.

After a sumptuous lunch, the Moshaira was held for two hours at which two students of the Marine School as well recited their odes. Here, our party was joined by Prof. M. M. Zaharuddin Ahmad of the Ismail College, who is at present staying at Novha during the vacation. The poems of Saghar, Sardar, Manzar, Qabil Chisti Munir and Arzu deserves special mention as they were profoundly applauded.

After this function was over, we were taken round the School, the Hostel, the Hospital and the Ashram for the widows. All were highly pleased to see these well-managed institutions, the living testimony to Sir Muhammad Yusuf's generosity.

Last of all, we were taken round the palace. After this we were specially invited to tea by Sir Muhammad Yusuf when every member was introduced to him. We were then treated to tea and fruits and after this, two poems were specially read out. Sir Muhammad Yusuf was highly pleased to hear Saghar's poem addressed to Ghazi Abdul Karim Riffi who is now a prisoner in the hands of France. The audience was simply thrilled at the recitation and highly praised the poem for the grandeur of ideas and the scholarship of the language.

VISIT TO ELEPHANTA.

We took leave of him at about 6. The Emir very graciously came down to the pier to wish us good-bye. This act of grace touched all of us and by way of salute our launch returned to the jetty for a while and then started on its journey to Bombay. En route the party made a short halt at Elephanta to visit the famous caves.

TERRIBLE MOTOR SMASH ON QUEEN'S ROAD

Chauffeur Killed And Several Injured Near Radio Club

THREE CARS DAMAGED BEYOND REPAIR

One man was killed and several others were injured in a terrible motor smash in which the cars were damaged beyond repair on Queens Road, Bombay, on Tuesday afternoon.

One of the injured persons, a Parsi merchant, is in a precarious condition, while two Parsi ladies, a five-year old boy and another man have been detained for treatment in hospital.

TERRIFIC IMPACT.

The impact between the cars was so terrific that one of them was pinned down beneath another, while pieces of glass which were strewn all over and the wreckage held up vehicular traffic for a considerable time.

The names of the persons involved in the accident are:—

Sakharam Nanoo (40), a chauffeur, who subsequently died,

Mr. P. S. Narielwalla, a merchant, who is in a d[illegible]rous condition.

Mrs. Bharucha, mother of Mr. Rustomji Kuverji Bharucha, General Manager of the Imperial Film Company.

Mrs. R. K. Bharucha

Minoo Manek Shroff, a five-year-old boy, and

Ganpat, a chauffeur.

Berides these, seven school children who were seated in one of the three cars which came to grief got a severe shaking, but escaped with slight injuries.

NEAR RADIO CLUB.

The accident occurred near the Radio Club at about 1-30 p.m. when Mr. Narielwalla was proceeding in his Chandler Car No. Y8188 towards Churchgate Station. From the opposite direction was coming Fias No. Y5506 which was followed immediately behind by Buick No. 9277.

The Buick, which belonged to Rajabahadur Motilal Shivlal was carrying seven children returning home from school. This car, it is stated overtook the Fiat on the right side of the road and in doing so, came in contact with the Chandler coming from the opposite direction.

There was a crash followed immediately afterwards by another loud report and the three cars had mixed themselves up into a heap in the middle of the road.

After the collision between the Buick and the Chandler, the latter was pushed and tilted on to the right with the result that the Fiat which was immediately behind the Buick crashed into it, before the driver had time to apply breaks. The impact was so great that the Chandler landed on the top of the Fiat.

POLICE ON SCENE.

The report of the collision and the screams raised by the injured attracted the attention of several pedestrians who rushed to the scene and rendered assistance. The Esplanade police were immediately communicated with and Inspector Macarthy with Sub-Inspector Manjrekar was on the scene within a few minutes of the accident.

EXTRICATED FROM WRECKAGE.

Mr. Narielwalla and his chauffeur were extricated from the wreckage after some difficulty and were rushed to the hospital. The chauffeur died shortly after his admission in the G. T. Hospital, while Mr. Narielwalla is lying in a precarious condition at the Charak Clinic Hospital.

Mrs. Bharucha, her daughter-in-law and the boy who were seated in the Fiat were admitted in the G. T. Hospital as also the driver of the car.

The Chandler and the Fiat were also reduced to a mass of scrap iron while the Buick also was very badly damaged.

35 ACCUSED SENTENCED

Extensive Trade In Contraband Opium

TWO YEARS' TRIAL

Eleven Acquitted By Alipur Magistrate

CALCUTTA, April 25

Thirty-five including ten Peshawaries two up-country businessmen and several East Bengal Muslims were sentenced by the special Magistrate of Alipore this afternoon for various terms of imprisonment and fines, ranging from two years and thousand rupees to the "rising of the court" and three hundred rupees on the charge of carrying extensive trade in contraband opium, dangerous drugs imported through Calcutta.

The charge of conspiracy to smuggle fire arms was withdrawn.

In the course of the evidence it transpired that the contraband opium changed hands between different groups of smugglers during the journey from north and central India to Burma, Ceylon, Straits Settlements and far eastern ports of China and Japan. In one instance eight maunds of opium was seized while in another cocaine valued at Rs. 80,000 was discovered. Eleven were acquitted.

The trial lasted for about two years.—A. P.

NO LONGER WANTED BY POLICE

Notification On Eight Buildings Withdrawn

NEW DELHI, April 25

The Local Government by a notification have withdrawn their notification of 12/1 and 21/4/1932 by which eight buildings including District Congress Committee, Mahila Ashram (Women's Congress); office of the Reception Committee of the Indian National Congress, Dharamsala at Bholumal and ashram at Narela, Badarpur, Sahadara etc. were declared notified buildings and taken under police possession.

Government says: "There seems to be no longer any reason and necessity to retain the possession of those places."—A. P.

EVEREST PLANES FOR KARACHI

40,000 Feet Of Film Taken During Expedition

NEW DELHI, April 25.

Lord Clydesdale and Flight Lt. Ellison left this morning at 8-45 a, the two Westland planes for Jodhpur en route to Karachi where the machines will be dismantled and shipped to England. They will reach Karachi on Wednesday.

Both the planes landed at New Delhi aerodrome at five last evening having left Purnea at six in the morning and halted at Allahabad en route. Lord Clydesdale piloted one machine and Ellison flew in the other. Mr. Colston Shephered of the "London Times," two ground engineers and R. A. F. Aircraftsman Eddirgh of Karachi Aerodrome were the passengers.

The other expeditionists are in Darjeeling where a shoot is being organised on Wednesday. Before leaving Purnea Lord Clydesdale flew to a height of 7,000 feet from which Everest was plainly discernible. Ellison gave the mechanics an opportunity to look at Everest and all the members of the party except the four camera men have seen the Everest.

It is understood that about 40,000 feet of film was taken during the expedition which will be reduced to six thousand and will be released for exhibition towards the end of June this year.—A. P.

TRAFFICKING IN GIRLS

Three Suspects Arrested At Lahore

LAHORE, April 24.

The Lahore Police arrested three persons belonging to Lahore, Sheikhupura and Rawalpindi, on a charge of trafficking in girls.

Eight months ago a Lahore girl suddenly disappeared, and she was traced and rescued by the police from a nomadic tribe at Sheikhupura to whom she was alleged to have been sold by the kidnappers.—A.P.

Wealthy Bombay Book-Seller Missing

The mystery of the disappaarance of Chaganlal Dhanalal, a Marwari bookseller, is baffling the Police. One of the many theories advanced is that he might have been kidnapped bw some Bombay gangsters who want to imitate Chicago methods.

INDIA PAYS THROUGH NOSE

Agriculturists Lose All-Round

INFLATED RATIO

Continued Gold Flight Will Ruin Country

(From Our Commercial Correspondent.)

We are passing through the blackest period in the World's economic history; and the normal trend and flow of commerce trade and industry are moving in a retrograde direction.

During the last war, most of the countries were without any gold standard, and exchanges were daily fluctuating. Without realising the consequences and enormous losses of the War, several countries hastened to base their currencies on the gold standard.

THE CRASH.

It was a well-known fact that Europe was heavily indebted to America, and to maintain the Gold standard without sufficient stocks of gold, was an impossibility. Uultimately, the crash came and now with the exception of France and a few other countries, the world is off the Gold Standard.

INFLATED RATIO.

In this catastrophe, India was called upon to play her part. The artificial Exchange ratio of 1/6 was ruining the agriculturists in this country as commodities prices were unduly lowered by 12-1/2 per cent. In the course of eight years, millions of agriculturists were made to lose one year's income, and this economic ruin forced them to pledge gold ornaments and other articles with money-lenders to keep body and soul together.

ADVERSE BALANCE.

Before the War, India always relied on a favourable balance of exports over imports of merchandise of about Rs. 72 crores on the average, and for the ten post-War years, the average favourable balance was about Rs. 83|- crores. But the abnormal decline in commodity prices reversed the situation during the last three years showing an adverse balance of about Rs. 30|- crores.

But India as a debtor country must to maintain a large favourable balance of trade in merchandise. Annually, the Government has to meet obligations to the extent of about Rs. 40|- crores and the net balance left in favour of India was used against imports of Gold and Silver.

GOLD FLIGHT.

Between 1924 and 1931, our imports of Gold were Rs. 194 crores. Out of these imports, gold worth Rs. 12|- crores was sold to the mint. Since Sept. 1931, to April 1932, we have expected gold to the extent of Rs. 122-1/2 crores. Most of the exports were made up from what is commonly known as "distress gold"

If it is correct that Whitehall has already made its requisition for the supply of £100,000,000 sterling between July and November, (as stated in yesterday's "Chronicle"), India will be losing an enormous amount which will take several decades to replace. The heavy imports between 1924 and 1930 were mainly due to the boom period in commodity prices during and just after the period of the Great War.

The boom was unprecedented and it is not likely to be repeated in the near or distant future.

The richest Government in the world is trying to improve commodity prices to their intrinsic value, and it remains to be seen whether they will be successful. Devaluation currencies cannot help the world permanently. There may be temporary upshots but it will be difficult to maintain.

RESERVE BANK PROSPECTS.

India is an economically ruined country and the exports of gold which is the vital part of the economic structure is bound to have its effect. Continuation of exports of gold will utterly ruin the country and there can be no hope of a Reserve Bank for India with a Gold Reserve. If India cannot afford to have a favourable balance of trade owing to drastic decline in prices, she must stop imports. She must learn to cut her coat according to the cloth. Otherwise the inevitable is bound to follow and the present gold exports will not save the sinking economic ship of the country, though they may help to right Britain's own ship.

DEVELOP RURAL SERVICES

"Grant Monopoly For Limited Periods"

RAIL-ROAD CONFERENCE

Demand For Removal Of Uneconomic Competition

SIMLA, April 25.

The Rail-road conference made rapid progress with the agenda to-day. As regards the second resolution as the result of further discussion the form of the resolution underwent considerable alteration and in the end it was adopted to the effect that "in order to secure better co-operation between the various forms of transport it is justifiable that the passenger service and goods motor transport should be so organised under authoritative control that the uneconomic competition would be as far as possible removed in the interests of personal safety and convenience and further that the main consideration which will weigh with the authorities shall be that of public interest".

The authoritative control referred to will be discussed in full when the conference takes up the fifth resolution which suggests a co-ordinated plan for taxation on motor transport by various authorities.

The third resolution was adopted namely that the satutory provision which presently limits operation of motor services by certain railways should be replaced. As regards this question some members of the legislatures pointed out that there was already a bill on the legislative anvil and they would not express any opinion.

GRANT MONOPOLIES.

The fourth resolution relates to the proposed amendment to present regulation regarding public service and goods motor transport so as to afford every encouragement to the development of rural services by granting monopolies for limited periods or otherwise. On this question there were both opposition and agreement. The grant of monopoly was objected to by some members who pointed out that if monopoly was given it should be strictly controlled. The resolution was adopted.

The point of view of the Road Development Association on resolutions three and four was put by Nur Muhamad Chinoy.

The fifth resolution relating to a co-ordinated plan of taxation of motor transport was under discussion when the conference adjourned for lunch.—A. P.

GAMBLING DEN RAIDED

Police Arrest 6 Persons While Receiving Bets

At about 10-15 p.m. on Tuesday night, Deputy Inspectors Graveston and Deshpande, armed with a warrant, raided a bogus cap shop at Cavell Road, Kalbadevi, and arrested 6 persons in the act of receiving and playing satta bets.

Before raiding the shop, the police had sent marked coins with false bets which were duly accepted and were found in the shop during the search.

The police recovered in all about Rs. 125|- including the marked coins and several betting slips.

The arrested persons will be placed to-day before the Third Presidency Magistrate at the Esplanade Police Court.

RAIN MARS PELSHAM CRICKET

(Special Cable.)

LONDON, April 25.

At Pelsham in a two-day match between the Scotts Eleven and West Indies, the Scotts Eleven batting first had made 77 for 2 at the close.

A. Crawley contributed 46, the remaining not out. Stumps were drawn with the fall of the second wicket owing to rain.—Reuter

HEAVY POLICE GUARD FOR BURMA COUNCIL CHAMBER

Special Session Opens In Tense Excitement: Federationists And Separationists Enter Lists

RANGOON, April 25.

Tense excitement marked the opening of the Special Session of the Burma Legislative Council to-day to consider the important question of separation versus federation.

The precincts of the Council Chamber were heavily guarded by police with a view to preventing untoward incidents.

The attendance in the House was full and the Governor attended the morning session.

PRESIDENT EXPLAINS.

Replying to a member the President explained the procedure to be followed in regard to the debate. He said that the special session was called at the request of three party leaders Mr. Chithlaing, Mr. Bamaw and Sir Joseph Maung Gyi to consider the question of separation versus federation.

After reading Party leader's letter to the Governor the President said that eight motions had been received dealing with the question of separation and federation and in order to enable the Council to carry out the object he had placed two of the most suitable motions for discussion first. Those two motions were for separation tabled by Mr. Ramri Maung Maung and Sir Joseph Maung Gyi and for federation tabled by Chithlaing and Bamaw. In the course of the discussion of the first motion members could move any amendment and if the first motion was lost then the Council could proceed with the discussion of the second.

FOR FULL RESPONSIBLE GOVT.

Ramri Maung Maung then moved his motion which read as follows.

"This Council realising that the only alternative to separation is permanent inclusion in the proposed federation of British India, reaffirms the resolution passed in the last Council opposing separation on the Premier's constitution but at the same time also opposing Burma's entry into federation on the basis of the White Paper constitution and in pursuance of the policy of opposition to separation until a constitution affording a basis for the attainment of full responsible government is obtained, the Council requests the Government to convene a fully representative conference with Parliamentary representatives to formulate a constitution affording a basis for automatic growth towards full responsible government as a separate political entity within a reasonable period."

The speaker said that the White Paper proposals and the Premier's constitution were similar and Burma once federated could not get out again when she wanted do so. They would have to undergo the same difficulties as now. So it was better to settle their constitution and its details.—A. P.

STEEP RISE IN SILVER

Futures Advance Nearly Three Cents

LIVELY TRADING

Turnover Aggregates To Over 15 Million Ounces

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

NEW YORK, April 24.

Silver futures rose steeply advancing nearly three cents, during early trading, but a flood of realizing finally cut down gains to one to one point two nought.

Very lively trading was witnessed with a turnover aggregating to 15,275,000 ounces.

The price of spot silver advanced by 1-3/4 cents.—Reuter.

REHABILITATION OF SILVER

Members Of Congress Decide To Defer Their Campaign

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

WAHINGTON, April 24.

The members of Congress who advocate rehabilitation of silver have decided to defer their campaign, pending the conference with Mr. Roosevelt after the conclusion of his discussions with foreign ministers.

Senator Hayden conferred with Assistant Secretary of State Moley, regarding the proposed amendment of inflation, a measure which would increase to 250,000,000 dollars, the amount of silver which would be acceptable for payment of war debts.

After the conference Senator Hayden indicated that no commitments had been made. He contends that 100 million dollars worth of silver would be insufficient to grant all debtor nations equal privilega of paying in silver.—Reuter.

LONDON SILVER STRONG

Securities Firm

SPECIAL CABLE.

LONDON, April 24.

On the Stock Exchange home securities were firm, especially Railways, and leading Industrials also Kaffirs and leading Oils. Foreign Exchanges movements were more normal.

Dollars 3.87 and Francs 89.15.

Chief features of the commodity markets were an advance of wheat and silver, the latter being exceptionally strong.

Wall Street was firm.

SILVER RULES FIRM

Indian Sterling Loan Advances

The London Stock Exchange ruled very steady on Wednesday on improved buying. 3-1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan advanced 15 shillings to £86.

The London silver market ruled very firm on Wednesday on American speculative buying.

The closing tone was uncertain.

Spot Silver	20-7/16d
Difference	+3/8
Forward Silver	20-1/2
Difference	+3/8

BOMBAY QUOTATIONS.

Ready Silver	59 10 0
Vaishak	59 14 0
Jeth Delivery	60 8 0
Gold Vaishak	29 7 6
Jeth	29 6 6

The improvement in silver prices was due to the rise in franc to 87.93.

LONDON NEW YORK CROSS RATE

Latest Quotation

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON

New York, April 24.	
Previous closing	3.87 1/4
To-day's closing	3.86 3/4

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

London, April 25.	
Previous closing	3.86 3/4
To-day's opening	3.89 1/2
To-day's closing	3.85

LATEST COTTON PRICE

(Cotton Information Bureau, 21, Ismail Buildings, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

NEW YORK COTTON MARKET

MAY DELIVERY

New York, April 25.	
Previous closing	7.47
To-day's opening	7.40
Difference	—.07
To-day's closing	7.46
Difference	—.01

BROACH EXPECTATION:—

April-May	180-8
July-August	187

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET

MAY DELIVERY

Liverpool, April 25.	
Previous closing	5.13
To-day's opening	5.15
Difference	+.02
To-day's closing	5.15
Difference	+.02

SIR LALUBHAI SAILS FOR JAPAN

Sir Lalubhai Samaldas, the entrgetic President of the Bombay Swadeshi League will sail today (Wednesday) at 1 p.m. (S. T.) by Conte-Verde, an Italian Steamer to Japan. He will first halt at Colombo and intends to stay there for a fort-night. He will return to Bombay by the end of June.

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TENANTS AND THE RIOT TAX

(Continued from Page 6)

Mr. Bakhale's Rent Bill to be considered in the next session of the Bombay Legislative Council. Looking also to the distressed economic conditions prevailing generally as a result of acute trade depression, it would be most cruel to exact this riot tax from the poor tenants as was done in the past, particularly when the present rents are beyond their financial capacity, having regard to the prime necessaries of life viz., food and clothing, irrespective of other amenities of life which are monopolised by a fortunate few under the guise of Providence and luck.

WHO SHOULD PAY.

But as there is no legal impediment in the way of landlords recovering the tax from the tenants, which alone could deter them from doing so, the same will be positively shifted upon them. It will not be seriously disputed that 99 per cent of these peace-loving and law-abiding poor tenants are not even remotely liable for such disturbances.

The ultimate responsibility of preserving peace and good government rests upon the Government, who should pay such compensation as they deem fit from the revenues or the landlords who fatten themselves upon heavy rents and unearned increment of land, should bear such burden, as the amount is really meant for the reinstatement of their properties which may have been damaged or burnt off during such disturbances. One does not know why the tenants are indirectly compelled to bear this unjust tax.

This aspect of the problem has been cleverly thrown into the background by first recovering the same from the landlords who are allowed to reimburse themselves from the poor tenants.

CHANGE THE LAW.

An organised effort should therefore be made to prevail upon the Legislature to change the machinery and method of collecting the tax so that its incidence may not fall upon the persons least liable for it.

Of course, it is for the Bombay Tenants' Association to give a lead in the matter by educating public opinion, for which meetings, processions etc., should be organised in different wards from time to time and resort may also be had to the press to ventilate the just grievances for which it will surely stretch a helping hand as it has done in the past.

It is lastly to be hoped that the Tenants' Association will move in the matter without losing time to kindle a sufficient amount of consciousness in the public to realise their own interests at such a critical juncture of economic life of the city.

PERSIA AND TEHERAN, SAME FOR HIM!

Prosecution Witness Cross-Examined By Defence Counsel: Further Hearing Of Poona Defamation Case

(From A Correspondent.)

POONA, April 25.

Further hearing of the case in which Lt.-Col. M. S. Irani, I. M. S., charged a Bombay Parsi student Jehangir R. P. Mody with alleged defamation before Khan Bahadur M. N. Mehta, Special First Class Magistrate, Poona Cantonment, was resumed yesterday when three prosecution witnesses were cross-examined.

Mr. J. D. Ghasvala along with Mr. J. S. Chinivala appeared for the prosecution while Mr. N. C. Bharucha defended the accused.

Cross-examined by Mr. Bharucha, Mr. Hormasjee D. Doctor stated that he was a merchant who did not pay Income-tax and had not passed the Matriculation examination. He was neither connected with the "Iran League" nor was he interested in any of its activities. He did not know anything of the charity of the late Bai Ratanbai Bamji of Navasari. He had read the article, which was subject of the defamation charge, in the "Statesman" because he was interested in Tollyganj and Barruckpore Races.

"HIGH IN BRITISH SERVICE."

With reference to the phrase "Parsi officers high in British Service", the witness stated that he thought it referred to Col. Irani and nobody else because Col. Irani was a high member in the services of the British Government and the witness knew that he was visiting Persia along with one Prof. Kapadi. When asked by the Defence Counsel as to how reference to Parsi officer "actually in Teheran" could be to Col. Irani, who was admittedly not in Teheran then, the witness replied that the Colonel was in Persia and to him Teheran and Persia meant the same thing. The witness did not know before reading the alleged defamatory article that the Colonel was connected in any way with the charity of the one lakh of rupees.

RECOLONISATION SCHEMES.

Further, the witness said that he knew nothing about the recolonisation schemes or attempts to obtain concessions for Parsis in Persia, but he understood the word "distant douceur" as bribe. Questioned further, the witness admitted that he had mentioned to Mr. Rashid Khodadad, another prosecution witness, that there was an article in the "Statesman" regarding the Parsis and that in the opinion of the witness it might have referred to Col. Irani.

The witness admitted that Col. Irani came to his place and asked him if he would give evidence on his behalf. He did not remember on what day it was. But it was a "few days" before the first hearing of the case, which was on 8th February, 1933.

'NO MEMBER OF IRAN LEAGUE."

Rashid Khodadad, the next Prosecution witness, on being cross-examined stated that he was not aware of the article until he learnt from the preceeding witness. He had read about it three or four days after the arrival of the paper in Poona (the previous witness had deposed that he had read it by the end of September). The witness stated that the reference was to Col. Irani because he was a Parsi officer high in the British service. He was not a member of the "Iran League," nor was he interested in any of the activities of the League. To him it appeared that British officers in plural was cleverly inserted only to insinuate the singular, namely Col. Irani. He admitted that besides Col. Irani there might be others also, because officers are in plural. He stated that the Colonel came to his place at the end of January or February to ask him to give evidence on his behalf.

PAPER AGENT'S EVIDENCE.

Thereafter, the Agent of the "Statesman," Mr. M. C. Khambatta, was cross-examined. He stated that after he read the article he had an interview with Mr. Homi Driver, the nephew of Col. Irani. Col. Irani came to his place at the end of January or the beginning of February, 1933 and asked him to give evidence as the Agent of the "Statesman" in Poona. He did not talk to him about the impression the paragraph in question created in his mind. "The Colonel did not describe the article to me, but I thought that he referred to this article only." The witness did not know that Col. Irani had anything to do with the lakh of rupees.

Further hearing of the case was adjourned to May 3.

WHY THIS CLAMOUR FOR POONA REVISION?

Deorukhkar Suspects Move Against Nationalist Depressed

BOMBAY, April 25.

That the electoral method contained in the Poona Pact should not be altered until and unless it is given a fair trial and found wanting is the opinion expressed by Mr. B. J. Deorukhkar, the Nationalist Depressed Class Leader of Bombay in a statement to the press.

WHAT THEY AIM AT.

He thinks that the alternative method suggested by Dr. Ambedkar will not be less costly than primary election. As a matter of fact he thinks that those who urge for a revision of the Poona Pact are not moved so much by considerations of cost as as considerations of self-preservation, as they are afraid that the joint vote of the nationalist depressed classs members and caste Hindus might keep their own men out of the Councils.

COST & CO-OPERATION.

He does not think that there would be any real contest in regard to the primary elections as it would be very difficult to secure more than a suitable four candidates in each constituency, but even if there was a real contest the question of cost could be overcome by mutual co-operation.

SUBTLE MOVE.

He concludes his statement by remarking that the present move on the part of certain people to get the Poona Pact is revised is a subtle one to keep the nationalist elements among the Harijans out of the Councils and therefore nationalists should oppose any change in the Poona Pact.—A.P.

BLUE GRASS SCRATCHED

LONDON, April 25

The following are alterations in Two thousand Guineas probables:—

Highlander (Wells); Melfort (Lane); Scarlet Tiger (A. Wragg), Rost Ormel (No jockey); Mainwood (Dickens); Titian (Steve Donoghue); Colorow (Weston); The Keen (Pat Donoghue); Tuppence (Marshall).

Omit Blue Grass which was scratched at 11-15 a.m. to-day.—Reuter.

Mr. S. D. MANEAIKAR, B. A., (Cantab), Wrangler, who arrives in Bombay to-day after a successful academical career abroad

He passed the B.A. examination of the Bombay University in the year 1928 from the Elphinstone College with First Class Honours in Mathematics. He left for England the same year and joined the Sidney, Sussex, College, Cambidge, where he passad the First Part of the Mathematical Tripos in 1929 in the First Class and Part II in 1931 also with similar distinction and was declared a Wrangler by the University.

CHAMBERLAIN PRESENTS DEFICIT BUDGET

(Continued from Pape 1 .)

debt payments or receipts from our debtors.

The past year had been a year of substantial financial achievement, which was a necessary preliminary to the revival of activity. Our achievement had evoked general admiration.

The income from surtax declined 19 millions, owing to a big decline in personal incomes. We were liable in the present year to 51 millions to the United States against 64-1/2 millions from reparation and Allied debts.

IRISH DISPUTE TELLS.

Mr. Chamberlain anticipated a further fall in the revenue from Beer, spirits and liquor licences.

There seemed to be no prospects of the termination of the unfortunate Irish dispute. He estimated a revenue, on the existing basis of taxation at 712 millions.

Despite the severe financial storms the exchange equalization account had stood the test of experience, and the exchange rate remained comparatively steady. He vigorously denied that the Equalization Account had been used to secure the undervaluation of sterling.

ROOSEVELT'S ACTION.

Resources of the Equalization account had sometimes been severely strained. He intended to ask the House to add to the resources of the fund.

Referring to Washington Conversations, Mr. Chamberlain said they had recognized from the first that Mr. Rooservelt's action in suspending Gold Stadard was in no way directed to any conversations with other countries and was prompted purely by internal considerations. They were unable to disguise the fact that the present situation involved anxiety. He hoped that further measures which Mr. Roosevelt doubtless contemplated would promote the establishment of renewed confidence.

DUTY ON OILS.

There was no provision this year for the redemption of debt.

Mr. Chamberlain announced numerous minor alterations in taxation, the chief of which, were duties on heavier classes of road vehicles beginning from first January 1934 and also penny a gallon duty on heavy oils.

Despite the shrinkage of the International trade and high unemployment, the purchasing and saving power of the people had been maintained to a remarkable degree.

BEER DUTY REDUCTION.

Beer duty would be reduced, but there must be a reduction in the retail price and improvement in quality, involving entirely a new system of Beer taxation and entailing a reduction in the price of a penny per pint with improved quality.

NOT BALANCED

The Beer concession cost 14 millions. Mr. Chamberlain declined not to balance the Budget, in order to reduce income tax. The idea of a three year budget with overspending this year on the strength of anticipated surpluses in later years would be a transparent device to make an unbalanced budget look respectable.

Mr. Chamberlain declared that pessimism over our financial prospects was unjustified and disagreed with the suggestion that we were financially imperilled, if we were guided by sound and well tried principles and policy.

There would be no reduction in income tax.

Equal half-yearly payments of income tax would be restored instead of the present crushing payment of threequarters of the total tax in the first instalment. There were no other changes in taxation

He announced that the final estimated revenue was 6,98,777,000 expenditure 6,97,486,000 and estimated surplus 1,291,000.

The speech ended at 5-30 p.m. Reuter.

COMMONS AGREE

LONDON, April 25.

Referring to the question of protection for silk and artificial silk industries, the Chancellor regretted it was impossible to deal with the matter in the present budget, but proposed to apply the machinery of the Import Duties' Act so as to enable the Treasury by order to give effect to any recommendations of the Import Duties' Advisory Committee which was dealing with the matter.

The House agreed to the budget resolutions including the reduction in beer of a penny per pint, increase of excise on heavy oil, increase of taxation on heavy motor vehicles, and a sur-tax of six shillings a gallon on British Sparkling Wines.—Reuter.

LABOUR COMMISSION PROPOSALS

LONDON, April 25

In the House of Commons, Sir Samuel Hoare informed Mr. McEntee that on the basis of 1933-34 budget estimates, annual expenditure required to meet India's foreign obligations was approximately 32 millions sterling, including expenditure both on revenue and capital accounts.

Mr. David Grenfell inquired regarding the steps the Indian Government proposed to take to implement the recommendations of the Royal Commission on Indian Labour, with reference to the law relating to the attachment of salaries and wages.

Sir S. Hoare replied that replies from Local Governments which had been requested would have to be considered, before legislation was ntroduced.—Reuter.

COMBATING VENEREAL DISEASES

Sir C. V. Mehta Eulogises Work Of Bombay Social Hygiene Council

The Annual General Body meeting of the Bombay Social Hygiene Council was held on Tuesday evening at the Bombay Sanitary Institute, Princess Street. Sir Chunilal Mehta presided

The Annual Report and the yearly Balance Sheet were read and passed. The Office bearers for the year were elected. Sir Chunilal Mehta, was again elected the Chairman of the Council.

Sir Chunilal Mehta, in moving the adoption of the Annual Report referred to the work that was being done by the Council. He said that the informative document prepared by the Secretaries of the Council contained valuable sociological data.

Very few people knew the extent and ravages of venereal diseases.

It was dreadful to find 30 per cent of patients attending outdoor Clinics at Government hospitals suffering from this disease in an active or a quiescent form. But the dreadfulness of it all assumed a tragic aspect among the innocent wives who acquired these diseases from their husbands and the innocent children who inherited them from their parents. For no fault of their own, a large number of infants died during the first year of life and a larger number grew up to a miserable adolescence smitten with the blasting effects of venereal diseases.

The Bombay Social Hygiene Council was continuing the work of the League for Combating Venereal Diseases. It was due to their efforts, that Bombay had to-day a fairly well organised medical anti-venereal service in both Government and Municipal Hospitals.

Sir Chunilal concluded with an appeal to Government, Municipality and the public for their help in this great work.

NARHARI PARIKH ARRESTED

AHMEDABAD, April 25.

Narhari Parikh, a co-worker of Mahatma Gandhi who was residing at Gandhiji's Ashram was arrested to-day while leaving Vadaj village in which the Ashram is situated in defiance of the District Magistrate's notice requiring him not to do so.—A.P.

HERRIOT SATISFIED

WASHINGTON, April 25.

M. Herriot expressed himself pleased with the first Conference with Mr. Roosevelt at the White House lasting from nine till midnight. The Disarmament issue is now in the forefront.

The "New York Times" believes that Mr. Roosevelt has found a formula acceptable to Britain which M. Herriot may accept. According to the Journal of Commerce, the debt plan by which the United States will accept part payment in silver while gold will remain in deposit abroad as stabilization fund has been considered.—Reuter.

GENEVA DELEGATION

LONDON, April 25.

In the House of Commons Mr. R. A. Butler promised to convey to the Indian Government the suggestion of Rhys-Davies for the renewal of the publication of the annual review of the Co-operative movement in British India.

Mr. Butler denied that Government were a "little hostile" to the movement.

Mr. Hannon asked if the Indian Government had done its best for many years to co-operate with the co-operative movement.

Mr. Butler replied in the affirmative.

Mr. Butler informed Mr. David Grenfell that India would be represented by a full delegation at Geneva International Labour Conference, but nominations had not been completed.—Reuter.

JUNG SAILS FOR NEW YORK

GENOA, April 25.

Sgr. Jung, the Italian Finance Minister, sailed to-day for New York to participate in the Washington discussions.—Reuter.

SWITZERLAND TO REMAIN ON GOLD

BERNE, April 25.

The Federal Council had decided that Switzerland shall remain on Gold Standard.—Reuter.

STOP PRESS

FARM BILL APPROVED.

WASHINGTON, April 25.

The House of Representatives' Banking Committee has approved of Mr. Roosevelt's Farm Relief Bill proposing the issue of two-thousand million dollars four per cent Government bonds for refinancing farm mortgages.

The Bill was approved by the Senate on twenty-second April.—Reuter.

NO ADMISSION TO SOVIET GOODS.

LONDON, April 25.

The British Embargo on Russian imports came into operation after the close of customs office at 5 p.m. this evening.

Prohibited goods arriving after to-night will not be admitted and must either be sent back or disposed of elsewhere.

"Having seen the four men myself, I am completely convinced that accusations against them are ill-founded, and the action of His Majesty's Government in relation to the whole matter was entirely justified" declared Sir John Simon amidst loud cheers in the House of Commons with reference to the Moscow Trial.—Reuter.

HINDU SABHA'S "NO".

LAHOE, April 25.

At a meeting of the Executive Committee of the Punjab Provincial Hindu Sabha held this evening, it was resolved by a majority not to send any representative to give evidence before the Joint Parliamentary Committee on the question of "injustice to the Punjab Hindus by White Paper Proposals and the Communal Award", as in the opinion of the Sabha no useful purpose would be served thereby in the prsent circumstances.

EXPECTING CABLE.

Sir Mahomed Iqbal, President of the All-India Moslem Conference told the Associated Press to-night that no decision had yet been taken regarding the question of sending Moslem spokesmen to England to appear before the Joint Committee. He is expecting any moment a cable from H. H. the Aga Khan which alone would enable him finally to make up his mind. It is surmised, however, that no Moslem deputaetion as such will go.—A. P

BODY FOUND FLOATING.

CALCUTTA, April 25

The body of Mr. R. E. Robinson, Captain of S. S. "Mavis" was found to-day floating down the Hooghly and has since been identified. Mr. Robinson was drowned on Sunday morning, while going to the ship in a country boat which capsized midstream.—A. P.

Conquer Malarial Debility

"Sanatogen is decidedly the most efficacious remedy in cases of malarial debility,"

writes Dr. H. W. S., a well-known English physician.

After Malaria, your body cries out for something which will give you new, healthy blood and so make good, in a natural way, the ravages caused by the malaria parasite.

So begin a course of Sanatogen. This tonic food has been tested so often with such splendid results that it has become world-famous for its strengthening and blood-creating action. 24,000 physicians all over the world have written recommending Sanatogen as the ideal revitalizing food.

When you take Sanatogen, the tiredness and listlessness which are the typical signs of retarded convalescence will quickly disappear. Your appetite will soon return—strength cannot be gained as long as appetite fails. Your sleep will become refreshing and restful. Step by step new health is built up and every day a little more of the old-time vitality will be restored until you are thoroughly healthy again. And, most important of all, the power of resistance that Sanatogen gives will enable you to avoid a further attack of the dreaded disease.

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The financial outlay is negligible—a few pence a day—particularly when you can win back health in a short time. Sanatogen is now also obtainable in half-size bottles at about half price.

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BURMANS CLASH WITH INDIANS

Sequel To Collision Of Two Paddy Gigs

RANGOON, April 19.
(By Mail).

Following a collision between two paddy gigs, one manned by Indians and the other by the Burmans, off Kamakasit on the opposite side of the Rangoon river, the Burman crew, it is reported boarded the other gig and assaulted the Indians with sticks.

One of the four Indian crews has disappeared and it is alleged that the missing men fell into the river after he had been struck by the Burman. Three of the Burmans have been arrested on a charge of Manslaughter.—A.P.

KELKAR MAY NOT ATTEND

POONA, April 25

Mr. N. C. Kelkar informed the Associated Press this afternoon that it was unlikely that he would be able to sail for England for at least the next few weeks. His doctor had advised him not to undertake a long journey in view of his weak health.

Mr. Kelkar said he was afraid that at the time he was in a position to sail, it would be so late that it would be of no use. He could not say anything more definite at present.

Mr. Kelkar had a letter from Dr Moonje, the working President of the Hindu Mahasabha, in connection with deputing witnesses before the Joint Committee on behalf of the Mahasabha.

Mr. Kelkar wrote back to say that the Working Committee should depute Dr. Moonje himself for the purpose. He felt that now that there had been difference of opinion, the question of deputing witnesses would be settled by a majority vote of the provincial branches.—A. P.

Jamnagar, (By Mail)—Dr. D. H. Varawa has been appointed to act as Chief Medical Officer, Nawanagar State, vice Dr. Rufus C. Thomas who is proceeding to England on leave.—A. P.

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Fort,
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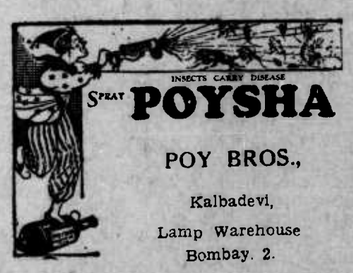
16

BABY JUVENOL

17



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Here is an extremely simple and at the same time, fascinating Competition. Readers have but to exercise a little judicious thought and observation and secure a big prize.

WHAT YOU HAVE TO DO

The 20 commodities represented above are well-known all over this great Continent. Each one of these of course, has a special and particular use, and all you are asked to do is to select the correct use from the list of clues given, and apply them to their proper commodities. For instance No. 7 represents the well-known Edsu Fabrics. On glancing through the clues you will find one that reads, "supplies everything from handkerchiefs to suitings." and this is the correct solution for No. 7. Simple, isn't it? Now just go ahead and solve the remainder.

RULES

(1) All you have to do is to pick out the correct slogan for each commodity and enter only the NUMBER against the slogans selected, in the coupon given below.

(2) Then write your name and full address clearly in the coupon.

(3) Post your entries to **THE COMPETITION MANAGER "BOMBAY CHRONICLE," Post Box No. 706, BOMBAY.** enclosing EIGHT ANNAS IN STAMPS for EACH entry.

Each cover must bear the name and address of the competitor, stating the number of entries enclosed.

(4) Competitors may submit any number of entries, providing a separate entrance fee of EIGHT ANNAS is enclosed for each entry. A competitor, however, cannot win more than one prize in this competition.

(5) Local competitors, may if they so wish, hand in their entries personally and obtain a receipt for the same, on week days between 11 a.m. to 5 p.m.

(6) Insufficient entrance fee enclosed with entries will disqualify the competitors submitting such.

(7) Keep copies of your entries. At the close of the competition the correct solutions will be announced in this paper, together with CLAIM FORM. Rules regarding the submission of these will then also be announced and no further entrance fee will be charged.

(8) All entries must be received in this office by the last post on 26th April, 1933. Any entries received after this date will not be included in the Competition.

(9) Corrections or mutilations of entries will disqualify the competitor.

(10) In case of ties, the Management reserves the right to distribute the prize money among the winning competitors.

(11) All competitors enter this competition on the distinct understanding that the Competition Manager's decision is final and legally binding in all matters pertaining to this competition, and no correspondence will be entered into.

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Destroys the destroyers.	___
Supplies everything—from handkerchiefs to suitings.	___
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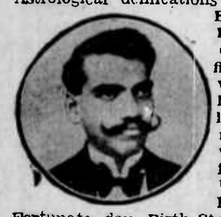

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INDORE MAGNATE SUES BOMBAY EDITOR

Summons Issued Against "Swadhin Bharat" Men For Defamation

Sir Hukumchand Sarupchand, a wealthy merchant and banker of Indore, filed a defamation suit against four persons said to be connected with "The Swadhin Bharat" a daily Hindi journal of Bombay, on Tuesday morning, before the Acting Chief Presidency Magistrate.

According to the complainant, accused No. 1, Bhaskar Ganesh Joglekar, is the printer and publisher of the said daily, while accused No. 2, K. P. Khadilkar, is the proprietor in whose name the paper is published. Accused No. 3, Mahadev Singh Sharma, and accused No. 4, Vishwerhwar Dayal Gupta, are the editor and joint editor respectively of the said newspaper.

VAST FINANCIAL INTERESTS.

The complainant further stated that he was a wealthy merchant, banker, commission agent and Shroff of Bombay. Besides he had vast financial interests all over India. He was the founder of several industrial firms, including mills in Calcutta, Indore and Ujjain.

It is alleged against the accused that in the issue of Thursday the 20th inst. of their journal, which is widely read in commercial circles, under the capitation, "Indore News" a paragraph appeared, in which it is alleged that the complainant was indebted to the Gowalior State, to the extent of about five crores of rupees and that attempts were being made by the Gowalior State to recover the said sum.

"DEFAMATORY STATEMENT."

This statement, the complainant alleged, was absolutely false, wholly untrue and defamatory of him. He alleged that the said piece of news was calculated to harm his dealings with several banks, with which he had connection.

SUMMONS ISSUED.

The Magistrate ordered the issue of summons against the accused.

PROCESSIONISTS JAILED

Sequel To "Peshawar Day" Demonstration

Seven persons arrested at Chowpaty on Sunday evening for holding a Congress demonstration in connection with the observance of "Peshawar Day" were found guilty of being members of an unlawful assembly, and sentenced to six months' rigorous imprisonment each, by Mr. I. N. Mehta, Presidency Magistrate, Fourth Court, on Tuesday.

According to the evidence led by the police, the accused were arrested while they were proceeding towards the Chowpaty beach, in a procession, carrying tri-colour flags. The function was previously announced in the "Congress Bulletin."

The Magistrate convicted the accused under section 143 I.P.C. for being members of an unlawful assembly and sentenced them as above.

YOUTHS JAILED

Sequel To Sale Of Congress Bulletins

A young Hindu who was arrested by the Maharbavdi police at Charni Road for selling "Congress Bulletin" on April 20 last, was sentenced to six months' rigorous imprisonment by Mr. I. N. Mehta, Presidency Magistrate, Fourth Court, on Tuesday.

The accused pleaded "not guilty" and said that a man unknown to him gave him a closed box containing the bulletins.

The Magistrate on the evidence before him found the accused guilty of having distributed unauthorised news-sheets.

Another Hindu youth who was also arrested for selling "Congress Bulletins" at Charni Road the same day was sentenced to the same term of imprisonment.

ANONYMOUS LETTER GIVES CLUE

Alleged Murderer Arrested And Remanded

The man who was wanted in connection with the alleged Murder of one Rahimbux Karimbux who was found lying with stab wounds all over his body at Mastan Tala on March 4, and later died in the Hospital, was arrested by the Nagpada Police on Monday at 10-15 p.m. The accused, Sheik Mahomed Abdulla was placed on Tuesday morning before Mr. G. R. Khairaz, Presidency Magistrate and the police applied for remand.

In their application the police stated that on March 4, the police removed the body of one Rahim Bux Karimbux from Mastan Talao with stab wounds all over his body. Rahimbux died in the hospital two days later. It was not known to the police as to who had stabbed Rahimbux.

A few days ago an anonymous letter was received by the police in which it was stated that the man who had murdered Rahimbux was one Shiek Mahomed Abdulla. Acting on that information, the police made enquiries at Chowki Mohalla, where the accused was usually to be found. It was found that the accused was not seen in the locality since the day of the assault. The police succeeded in arresting him on Monday.

The Magistrate remanded the accused to police custody.

NECKLACE PLEDGED WITH MARWARI

"Friend" Of Family Arrested For Alleged Criminal Breach Of Trust

On a charge of criminal breach of trust one Subrao Waman Kamat was placed before Mr. G. R. Khairaz, Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon, on Tuesday morning and the Nagpada police applied for the remand of the accused.

In their application the police stated that the accused was very friendly with another Hindu living at Nagpada for the past few years.

On April 1, the accused approached the wife of his friend and asked her to lend him her gold necklace costing about Rs. 200 as he wanted another made like that. Believing him, his friend's wife parted with her gold necklace.

ACCUSED ARRESTED.

The accused, although he had promised to return the necklace within two days did not see his friend nor his wife for one week. The woman got suspicious and informed her husband who informed the police. The accused was arrested on Monday at 4 P.M.

From enquiries made by the police it was revealed that the accused had pawned the necklace with a Marwari from whom the police recovered it.

The magistrate remanded the accused to police custody till April 28.

SLIP WHICH PROVED FATAL

Boy Drowned In Tank While Offering Prayers

While offering prayers to the Holy Bana Ganga on Walkeswar, one Gajrajsing Gurasing, a 11-year-old boy accidentally slipped and was drowned in the tank on Monday morning.

The body was removed by the police to the morgue.

From the evidence tendered on Tuesday before the Coroner's Jury at the inquest held over the body of the boy, it transpires that the boy and his mother, Balawantibai, went to Bana Ganga on Monday morning for ablutions. The mother bathed her son and got into the tank to bathe herself. Meanwhile the son took a pice from his mother as he wanted to offer prayers to the Holy Bana Ganga by throwing the pice in the tank. After her bath, the mother searched for her son, but could not find him. She raised a cry and a few people, who had also come for a bath searched the tank and found the dead body of the boy.

The Coroner's jury returned a verdict of death due to accidental drowning.

PHYSICAL TRAINING IN N. GUJARAT

Classes Open In Shertha In May

(From A Correspondent.)
SHERTHA (N. Gujrat).

A long standing want of north Gujrat has been filled by the decision of the Mehsana Prant, to open a physical training class during the ensuing summer vacation.

The class will commence from the 10th of May and run upto the end of the month.

The place selected for the purpose is Sarva Vidyalaya Kadi with its big agricultural plot for camping.

Those wishing to take advantage of the class, should write to the Organizer, Sarva Vidyalaya, Kadi, before the end of April.

GAVE HIS LIFE TO SAVE OTHERS

Jury Praises Heroism Of Jam Mill Employee

"OFFICIOUS ACTION" OF HEAD FITTER CENSURED

The Coroner's jury, which sat for more than three days to hear the evidence at the inquest held over the bodies of two employees of the Jam Mills, who died, after becoming unconscious, while trying to clean the iron tank, which contained water and which had not been clean for a long time, returned their verdict on Monday evening at the conclusion of the evidence.

The Jury in their remarks censured the head fitter for his officious action, in ordering the tank to be cleaned. The Jury held that the death of the two men Ratanshah Nusserwanji Patel and Santa Bala was due to asphyxiation from poisoning by hydrogen Sulphide Gas, which had collected in the water tank.

POISONOUS WATER IN TANK.

It will be remembered that April 12, noon Khaja Rapu, the head fitter ordered the cleaning of the Water tank in the compound of the Jam Mills and one after another four persons tried to get into the tank but fell into the tank unconscious while half way down two of them, one a Parsi died at the Hospital.

Mr. Thomas White Johnstone, Chief Inspector of Factories giving evidence at the first nearing stated that he tested the water of the Tank at Jam Mills and had found it poisonous. The Water outside in the spring and well had naturally become contaminated. The soil, also, which was around the Well also had become contaminated.

GOVERNMENT CIRCULAR.

The witness referring to the accident said that similar accidents had occurred during the past years and the Government had issued circular to all the Mills calling their attention to the need of special precautions.

In the opinion of the witness the Jam Mill authorities ought to have taken the necessary precautions in ordering the cleaning of the Tank. The tank ought to have been ventilated and the gas ought to have been tested before allowing anyone to go inside.

Replying to Mr. C. N. Kanuga, who appeared for the Jam Mills, the witness stated that the circular to which he referred was drafted by him personally and was signed by the Chief Inspector of Factories. On the day the witness visited the Jam Mills, he asked for the old file of the Mills and did not find the circular. The manager however admitted that he knew about the circular.

ORDERED NONE TO OPEN MANHOLE.

Dadabhoy Madan, the Manager of the Jam Mills giving evidence stated that he had a faint idea that a Circular by the Inspector of Factories had been received by him ten years ago, which contained certain instructions regarding the cleaning of tanks. Referring to the incident, the Manager said that no one had ordered Bhao Raghoo to enter the tank. The engineer also had not ordered anyone to open the manhole. The tank had been sealed at the direction of the Malaria Department of Bombay Corporation.

Sorabji Patel, the engineer of the Mills giving evidence stated that the only instructions that he issued to the Head Fitter were to drain off the water by opening the escape cock. Khaja also had told the witness that he had not asked anyone to open the manhole.

EVEN REFUSED TO OBEY.

Bhao Raghoo, one of the men, who went unconscious while getting down into the tank and was later treated at the K.E.M. Hospital giving evidence stated that the head fitter had asked him to go to the tank to open the manhole and stir the water and clean it from inside. The latter two orders he had even refused to obey as the water was smelling very bad. Dhaynoo Gopal, another coolie in his evidence supported Bhao Raghoo.

After concluding the hearing of evidence, on Monday evening, the Coroner's Jury held that death of the two men was due to asphyxiation from poisoning by Hydrogen Sulphide Gas which had accumulated in the tank of the Jam Mill at Lalbaug.

TRIBUTE TO HEROISM.

The following rider was also added by the Jury to the verdict:—

"We desire to express our great appreciation of the gallant and heroic action of the deceased, Ratanshah Nassurwanji Patel, who sacrificed his life to save the lives of others. We hold that the sad fatalities were due to the officious action of Khaja Bapu Khaja Kader the head fitter of the Mill, in ordering the tank to be cleaned.

NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR DEATHS.

But since we believe that he was not aware of the existence of poisonous gas in the tank we are not inclined to hold him criminally responsible for the deaths.

"We further recommend that the circular issued by the Chief Inspector of Factories on February 14, 1923 is re-issued to all the Mills of the City as soon as possible.

STAGE-DANCER'S CASE

Court Advises Parties To Settle It Themselves

As per orders passed by Mr. G. Khairaz, Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon for the production of the property immediately on Saturday last in the case in which Mrs. Mary Gueizelar, widow of Lieutenant J. A. Gueizelar, the Resident Medical Officer of the J. J. Hospital charged her daughter Annette alias Azuri and two others with dishonest misappropriation of the property of her deceased husband, Mr. C. T. Lakhia, Solicitor produced the Will of the deceased in Court.

The Will of Dr. Gueizelar appointed Annette the sole executress of the property and under the Will the Residuary Legetee of the Estate.

COURT'S ADVICE.

After the Will was read in Court the Magistrate suggested to the different parties that they should meet together and settle the matter amicably instead of wasting the money in litigation. The Counsel for both the parties agreed for the suggestion and said that they would meet together and settle the matter if possible.

The Magistrate fixed May 17, for further hearing by which time, he hoped the parties would come to an amicable understanding.

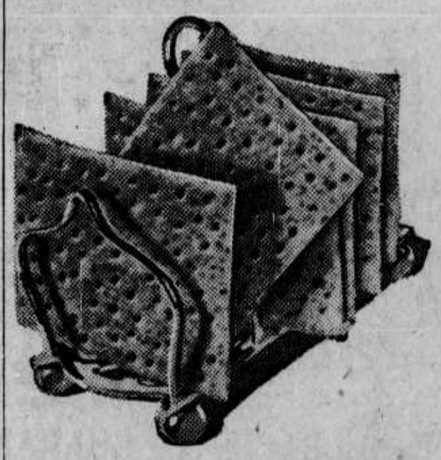
RUN OVER BY LOADED LORRY

Man Receives Multiple Injuries And Succumbs

"Death due to shock from multiple injuries due to his having been acidentally run over by a loaded motor lorry", was the verdict returned by the Coroner's jury on Tuesday morning at the inquest held over the body of one Gaila, a Hindu worker.

From the evidence it transpires that the deceased and four others were sitting on chunam which had been loaded in a lorry No. Bom. 813. The Lorry was going along Quay Road on Monday at 5 p.m. While proceeding along that road, the turban of the deceased got entangled in one of the branches of a tree, under which the lorry was passing. Gaila got up to extricate his turban but lost his balance and fell down on the road and a hind wheel passed over him causing multiple injuries. Death was instantaneous.

The body was removed to the morgue.



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Dr. FAIVRE'S CACHETS
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The last VALUATION REPORT reveals certain striking features. Surplus disclosed is nearly 5½ times more than that disclosed at the previous valuation.

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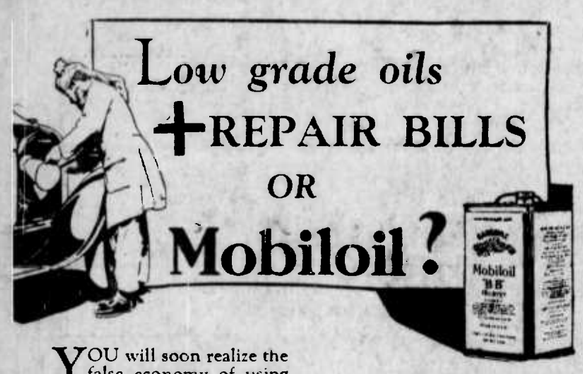
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AMRUTANJAN DEPOTS
BOMBAY AND MADRAS

MOTOR TRANSPORT NO LONGER TO ENJOY UNLIMITED RANGE

Sir Joseph Bhore Demands Restriction While Miller Pleads For Consideration Of Problem From Public View-Point

SIMLA, April 24.

The Rail-Road Conference, after day's discussion, in which various interests took part, decided to redraft the first resolution in the light of the discussion.

Sir Guthrie Russel, Chief Commissioner for Railways, speaking on the second resolution proposed several restrictions, which, in the opinion of the Railway administration should be imposed on the motor traffic in order to avoid wasteful and unfair competition.

RANGE OF MOTOR TRANSPORT.

He suggested that the range of public motor transport should not be more than is economic and in the public interest; licensing authorities should limit the number of such services to comply with the above principle; the proper maintenance of vehicles, especially as to safety; restriction of loading, whether of passengers or of goods to a certain number and weight; control over fares and freights and fares and rates chargeable, to be available for inspecting.

Government issued a summary of proceedings of to-day's Rail-Road Conference.

COMPETITION MUST BE CHECKED.

On the first resolution, after Sir Frank Noyce spoke, Sir Joseph Bhore said that the real problem was whether in view of the extent to which motor transport had developed, the time had not arrived to consider how the competition between the two agencies which was clearly against the best interests of the country should be checked and they should decide how far both system of transport should work. Sir Guthrie Russell dealt with the railway financial aspect of the problem.

Mr. Reid gave full support to the resolution and emphasised some of the disadvantages of a light railway suffering due to competition among the different systems of transport.

JUDGE IT FROM PUBLIC VIEW POINT.

Mr. Miller Indian Road Transport Development Association said what wasteful competition meant should be considered from all angles including the consideration of what was economical from the point of view of public and not only from the point of view of railways and roads. In order to ensure this, he suggested the setting up of some co-ordinate bodies such as boards of communication both at the centre and in the provinces and unless this was agreed to, the Association did not accept the resolution.

ADDENDUM.

He submitted the following addition after the words, "This Conference considers it . . . concerted", "by the formation of constituted bodies having authoritative powers." He suggested a suitable addition to the resolution to cover this point, namely at the end of (c) the following words be added "Which, for greater efficiency, may entail transfer of certain provincial authority than at present, thereby ensuring that the best technical advice would be available."

Sir Frank Noyce, the Chairman, while introducing the second resolution, dealt with practical steps necessary to prevent wasteful competition between road transport and railways. He said the resolution proposed that the range of commercial motor transport in competition with railways might be limited.

ARGUMENTS FOR ZONING.

Referring to what was called zoning, Sir Frank said that arguments in favour of it appeared to be that it was only contemplated in cases of direct competition of motor transport with railways that it had some rational economic basis, since for short journeys the cost and time of carriage to and from a railway station was eliminated by motor transport.

There were two radical differences between railways and their competitive motor transport which could not be reconciled.

CONSIDERATIONS.

Firstly the railways were under a statutory obligation to carry practically all traffic which offers, but the road transport was not and they might not recognise that at present it was not practicable to place such an obligation on it. Secondly, railways paid for their immoveable track. The motor transport would at best contribute adequately for its use of roads. Further while railways stick to their track regardless of traffic, motors could abandon one route and seek another.

REGULATION OF ROAD TRANSPORT.

In order to make competition fair, regulations of road transport might be tightened up in respect of comfort, convenience and safety of passengers, prescription of rates of fare liability to public, and conditions of service, such as hours of work and so forth.—A. P.

RAILWAY ROAD CONFERENCE

Deccan Bus Owners' Appeal For Representation

The following telegram was sent to the Chairman of the Railway Road Conference, Simla on behalf of the following Associations and Bus owners—namely, Poona Nagar Motor Union, Deccan Omnibus Owners' Associations and others on the 23rd April:—

'Private Bus Service owners were frightened over the Government holding of a Conference without inviting them. The Bus Services in the Deccan are a large and organised body. Their representation in the Conference is absolutely necessary. Government attempt to monopolise Railways for transport (Inland) of passengers is ruinous both to passengers and bus owners.

Bus owners' large capital is greatly in danger. Conference 'in camera' prevents consideration of their grievances by Conference. Pray withhold final action before hearing their grievances."

TRADE UNION UNITY

Bombay Labour Leaders Will Meet On Thursday

Mr. S. C. Mhapankar, the General Secretary of the Bombay Girini Kamgar (Red Flag) Union writes:—

At the last Executive Council Meeting of the All-India Trade Union Congress, Mr. G. L. Kandalkar, the President made a fervent appeal for Trade Union Unity amongst the different schools, as that alone would enable the workers to fight out the offensive launched by the employers.

By Trade Union Unity, he meant permanent abiding and workable unity and characterised the patch up unity as a mere sham.

In response to that appeal, I with the consent and approval of the President of the Union, opened informal negotiations with the leaders and representatives of the various sections in the movement.

It is gratifying to note that they have readily responded to the move taken by me and a meeting of the leaders of the different groups will be held on Thursday the 27th instant in the office of the Girni Kamgar (Red Flag) Union at Batatavalla mansion, at 8|30 p.m.

The Unity Platform prepared by the Union and as accepted by the Madras session of the All-India Trade Union Congress will be taken as the basis for the unity.

UNSETTLED CONDITIONS MOVE EAST

Heavy Rain In Pegu And Irrawady

POONA, April 25.

Unsettled conditions in the Central Bay of Bengal have moved eastwards and are located this morning in the Andaman Sea and widespread and locally heavy rain has fallen in Pegu and Irravady Divisions and in Tenasserim. Yesterday's trough of low pressure has become unimportant after causing scattered thunderstorms in the Peninsula and Central Provinces. The western disturbance which is passing eastwards through Kashmir has caused a few light showers there and in Northwest Frontier Province. A few falls of rain are also reported from Assam. Both the day and night temperatures continue appreciably below the normal from the Punjab to West Bengal and in central parts of the Country.

Chief amounts of rain are:—Amherst 4 inches; Diamond Island 3; Rangoon 2; Victoria Point 1; Bassein 3|4; Mergu and Gwa 1|2; Darjeeling 1-1|2; Sibsagar 1; Tezpur 1|4; Chanda 1|4; Trivandrum 2; Coimbatore 1 and Cochin and Anantapur 1|2.

Forecast:—Rainfall will continue in lower Burma and extend in Upper Burma. Rain may also extend in Kashmir. Scattered thunderstorms will recur in South of the Peninsula and Assam.—A.P.

JAPAN'S THREAT TO INDIA

Mody Asks What Would She Do In India's Position

BLUFF TO GOVT.

Warning Against Betraying Vital National Interest

BOMBAY, April 25.

With regard to an Osaka cables announcing the condemnation of the decision of the Government of India to put an end to the Indo-Japanese Trade Convention, Mr. H. P. Mody, Chairman of the Bombay Millowners' Association has issued the following statement to the press:—

"I may leave these people to reconcile such high-flown sentiments with the gentle argument which they are carrying on with their little brother in China.

DUTY ON PIG IRON.

"My concern is rather with the position they seem to have taken up that Japan should be allowed, unhindered, to exploit the Indian market to the serious detriment of Indian interests. Apart from any other consideration, I would like to know whether Japan thought she was promoting friendly economic relations with this country, when she put up at one bound, the duty on pig-iron by as much as 250 per cent.

WHAT WOULD JAPAN DO?

"I am also curious to know what Japan would do, if the position were reversed, and, if she found her greatest national industry threatened by cheap imports from this country. That responsible people in Japan should invoke the principles of international justice, and should threaten the boycott of Indian cotton on an issue of this character is proof positive that they are banking on the extreme conservatism of the Government of India in matters of tariffs, and that, they are not without hope that they can bluff them into holding their hand.

PREPOSTEROUS APPEAL.

"I cannot imagine, however, the Government of India being influenced by such preposterous appeals and threats, and becoming guilty of a gross betrayal of vital national interests."—A.P.

HOW TO LEARN HINDI EASILY

If Hindi is really to become the Lingua Franca of India it is the duty of every Indian to whom it is not the Mother-Tongue, to learn the language in a systematic way and also have his knowledge tested by means of an examination. The following few lines are written for the benefit of the people of Bombay the Marathas and the Gujerathis who also have this duty and responsibility. Any one who wants to study Hindi-Hindustani will do well to commence with purchasing the following set of books:—

Hindi-English Self-Instructor.
Anuvad Mala English Part I
The Hindi First Reader
The Hindi Second Reader.
Majedar Kahaniyam.

At the outset the Self-Instructor and the Anuvad Mala should be taken for study. By the time 20 lessons are done in the Instructor one can complete the Anuvad Mala. Then the first and second readers should be taken in order, and the questions that are given at the end of each lesson should be answered. Afterwards the Majedar Kahaniyam can be taken and when it is finished one is ready for the prathamik Examination. By now one acquires a working knowledge of the language. Then one can commence reading Hindi Weekly Journals.

If this course could be completed by the South Indian in about three months it is no wonder if we expect the Bombay man to finish it in say two months. During the course of study, the Hindi School, at Napoo Hall, Matunga is always ready to help by giving necessary guidance. One can call at the school on Sundays between 8-30 and 10 a.m. or write. No fee is charged for this 'guidance"; the object being to popularise the Hindi Language.

The above books are all published by the Hindi Prachar Sabha, Madras and are available at the following places:—

1. The Hindi School, Napoo Hall, Matunga, Bombay.
2. The Hindi Grantha Ratnakar Karyalaya, Hirabaug, Bombay.
3. The Hindi Prachar Sabha, Triplicane, Madras.

Calcutta.—It is understood that another batch of 5 Bengali political prisoners convicted in connection with the Dalhousie Square, Mechua Bazar and Dakhineswar bomb cases was sent on Sunday to Andamans.—A. P.

Give him a good start . . .

Your child's future health and happiness entirely depend upon the nourishment that he receives in infancy. Make sure that you are giving him a food that builds strong bones, sturdy limbs and good teeth—give him Milkmaid Milk the best food for babies.

Milkmaid Milk is made from the finest milk obtainable in Switzerland, to which has been added pure cane sugar. It is rich in vitamins; has three times the nourishing properties of the locally produced milk, and is, above all absolutely pure. Start your baby on Milkmaid Milk to-day!

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IT shows you the picture almost FULL SIZE while you take it, just like an expensive Reflex does. It takes the standard Rs. 1-2 2¼" x 3¼" film but gives pictures 2¼" square—*so you get 12 pictures instead of 8 from every spool!*

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BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, APRIL 26, 1933

WORLD CONFERENCE IN MID-JUNE

MacDonald And Roosevelt Issue Joint Statement

DEEP SATISFACTION AT OUTCOME OF DISCUSSIONS

WASHINGTON, April 25.

Anglo-American conversations are virtually completed. A joint Macdonald-Roosevelt Statement expresses deep satisfaction at the outcome of the discussions, which were undertaken to explore problems of the World Economic Conference.

The statement enumerates the matters which were considered, namely, world price levels, central bank, policy of monetary standard, exchange restrictions, improvement in the status of silver and a number of world trade problems, particularly limitation and restrictions The final agreement on these is reserved for the World Conference itself.

It is understood that the Conference is most likely to open in the middle of June.

Washington.— Anglo-American experts continued discussion of the technical points. Reports of disagreement over the question of currency stabilisation are denied. It is understood that the discussions have not yet reached a stage of fixing a definite ratio, but they centre in the conditions on which stabilisation will be possible and the methods of determining the best ratio. It is pointed out that stabilisation is not considered to be an end in itself, but rather a means towards raising world price levels.

PRESIDENT'S POWERS

New York.—Senator Borah raised the question whether underconstitution, the President could be authorised to lower the gold content of the dollar which the Attorney-General is investigating. It is believed that some revision of the Government's proposals in this matter may be necessarey.

DR. SCHACHT TO REPRESENT GERMANY

Berlin.—Doctor Schacht, President of the Reichbank, will represent Germany at the Washington economic conversations.

SIR JOHN'S INVITATION

LONDON, April 24.

An invitation to his colleagues on the Organising Committee of the World Economic Conference to meet in London, on 29th April, have been sent by Sir John Simon, Chairman of the Committee through the League Secretariat.

NO REDEMPTION IN GOLD

Canada's Decision On Dominion Notes

(SPECIAL CABLE)

OTTAWA, April 25.

An Order-in-Council has been passed suspending redemption of Dominion notes in gold. The date of opereation is not yet fixed.

It is officially stated that it merely regularises the situation existing since Britain went off gold.—Reuter.

JEWS DEBARRED FROM GERMAN TENNIS

Daniel Prenn Is Exclud[ed] In International Matches

BERLIN, April 24.

Jews are not allowed in the future to represent German tennis in the Davis Cup, International Matches or official matches between German clubs. This was decided at the meeting of the Board of the German Lawn Tennis Association to-day.

This debars Daniel Prenn, Germany's best tennis player who was already omitted from the Davis Cup team from playing in any international matches for Germany.—Reuter.

LEAGUE MATCHES

LONDON, April 24.

The followin are the results of the Football Matches played in the League to-day.

(FIRST DIVISION)

Sheffield United 1, Aston Villa nil.

SECOND DIVISION

Burnley 1, Spurs 1.

THIRD DIVISION (Northern Section.)

Tranmere nil, Wrexham nil.—Reuter's Special.

MR. HARILAL J. KANIA APPOINTED PUISNE JUDGE

His Majesty the King Emperor has approved of the appointment of Mr. Harilal Jaykisandas Kania, LL.B., as a Puisne Judge of the High Court of Bombay in succession to Mr. S. S. Patkar, who is retiring. The appointment will take effect from June 19, the date on which the High Court re-opens after the Summer Vacation.

DEHRADUN'S WATER SUPPLY SCHEME

Sympathetic Consideration Promised

ALLAHABAD, April 24.

The Dehradun Municipal Board presented an address to the Nawab of Chhatari, Governor of the United Provinces, to-day, after welcoming His Excellency to the "Windsor of India."

Referring to the All-India importance of Dehradun, the address mentioned about the local problems, especially the water supply, for which a scheme was to be submitted to Government soon.

Replying, His Excellency promised a sympathetic consideration of the scheme.—A. P.

MR. DESAI RELEASED ON BAIL

MEERUT, April 24.

Mr. Desai, a Meerut case prisoner has been released on bail to-day.—A. P.

CALCUTTA GOLFER'S SUCCESS

Holder Of Amateur Title Knocked Out

LONDON, April 24.

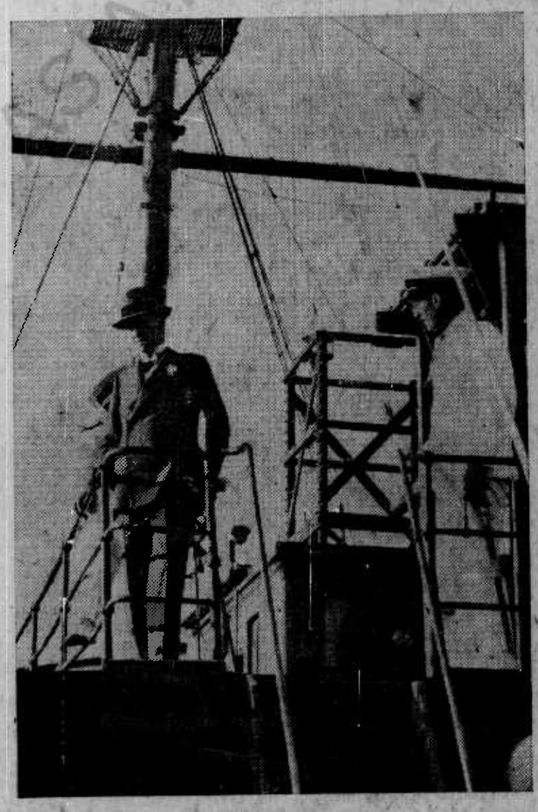
At Ganton, Yorkshire, England's leading golfers all participated in the Amateur Close Championship in which the four previous holders are Stout, Sutton, Fiddian and Crawley. There was a sensation in the second round when the Walker Cup player Leonard Crawley, holder of 1931, was defeated at the 21st hole by Esplen of the Royal Calcutta Golf Club. Other holders got through.

There was nearly a second sensation when Rex Hartley in the first round was four down to turn, to the unknown Strange of Buxton, but eventually Hartley won by one hole.—Reuter.

INDIA'S BUDDING MARINERS

H. E. the Governor of Bombay paid an unofficial visit to the Indian Mercantile Marine Training Ship "Dufferin" on Monday afternoon and spent a short while aboard the ship watching the cadets at work and speaking to them and their officers. In the above picture H. E. is seen inspecting the cadets.

Cadets staging a demonstration of "abandon ship" in case of extreme danger.



The Governor watches the cadets abandoning ship.

GOVERNOR VISITS "DUFFERIN"

Interests Himself With Cadets' Work

His Excellency the Governor of Bombay paid an unofficial visit to the Indian Mercantile Marine Training Ship "Dufferin" on Monday afternon.

His Excellency left the Gateway of India at 5 p.m. in the R I M motor launch "Diamond" and arrived on board the "Dufferin" and was met by the Captain-Superintendent and Staff. The cadets were drawn up as a guard of honour headed by their band.

SPEAKS WITH EACH OF THEM.

After the staff had been presented, His Excellency inspected the cadets, speaking to many of them. He was particularly struck with the physique of many boys and remarked that the general height and physique had improved since his last visit.

The Captain-Superintendent had been able to arrange for some seven old boys, who had left the ship and were in Bombay, to attend the inspection. Three of them were in the B I S N "Surada" which was anchored about 2 cables length from the "Dufferin". His Excellency spoke to each of them in turn about life at sea. There were four other ex-cadets, three of whom were in various workshops in Bombay. These boys had turned to engineering instead of the executive side, and were preparing to go to sea as engineer officers.

INTERESTED WITH PRACTICAL RESULTS.

His Excellency was very interested when the Captain-Superintendent informed him of the practical results of the Training Ship. Though training had only commenced in November 1927, up-to-date three batches had completed their courses and there were already 72 cadets at sea, four in training for the Royal Indian Marine, seven in engineering workshops, and three in the Hooghly River Survey Department. His Excellency remarked that these results after such a short period were most satisfactory.

After a close inspection of the band and cadets, His Excellency took the salute at the march past, and was much impressed with the band and the seamanlike bearing of the cadets.

SHIP AT WORK.

A tour round the ship followed. The cadets were in their class-rooms and His Excellency was able to see the ship actually at work under normal conditions. His Excellency noticed seven boys who were coaching for a special examination for entry into the Royal Indian Marine. As there is only one vacancy the competition between these seven is very keen. After a tour round the class-rooms and sleeping flats, His Excellency visited the mess room and noticed the improvements there. A lift from the kitchen and fans had been installed since his last visit.

AT EMERGENCY SIGNAL CALL.

The Governor proceeded on deck and the emergency signal was sounded. The cadets doubled up from the class-rooms through the fire escapes on to the upper deck, when the order to "abandonship" was given. Six boats under oars and sails were lowered from the ship's side by the boys, manned and on signals from the bridge of the ship, were anchored and, the masts stepped. The boats weighed anchor together and set sail on the port tack. After this again on signals from the ship, all boats were recalled.

On the return of the boats His Excellency spoke a few words to the cadets, and wished them Godspeed in their future profession.

GIVING EVIDENCE BEFORE 'JOINT'

No Decision Yet By Muslim Conference Or Maha Sabha Committees

LAHORE, April 24.

Neither the Muslim Conference nor the Hindu Maha Sabha Committees have yet come to any decision on the question of sending their representatives to England in connection with the Joint Committee deliberations.

Sir Mohamed Iqbal told the Associated Press, to-day, that he would make an announcement on the subject to-morrow. He denied that their decision depended on the Hindu attitude or that they were waiting to see what the Hindus were going to do.

PUNJAB HINDUS' ATTITUDE.

The Punjab Hindus will also decide the question to-morrow. Many prominent members of the Punjab Hindu Sabha, it is reported, will be holding out against any delegation going to England, but it is understood, that Bhai Permanand is making a very strong move in order to ensure of the Punjab Hindus' case being properly put before the Joint Committee.—A.P.

IMPROVING GOVT. PROPOSALS

British Women's Agitation

FRANCHISE COMMITTEE FORMED IN LONDON

LONDON, April 25.

A British Women's Indian Franchise Committee, representing eleven women's societies with a collective membership of 200,000 has been formed to agitate for the improvement of Government proposals concerning Indian women.—Reuter.

CANCEL PERSO-RUSSIAN TREATY

Businessmen's Request To Shah

TEHERAN, April 25.

A deputation of leading businessmen have requested the Shah to cancel the Perso-Russian Trade Treaty.—Reuter.

ARRESTED AND JAILED

Two Britons As Suspects In Teheran

TEHERAN, April 25.

Two Britons have been arrested and imprisoned on charges, which have not yet been disclosed.—Reuter.

MOSCOW BRITONS EXONERATED

Vickers More Than Ever Convinced Of Innocence

RUGBY, April 25.

Before proceeding to the Foreign Office, the engineers were engaged in consultation with Sir Felix Pole and other Directors of the Metropolitan Vickers. A meeting was held later and it issued the following statement, "Whole matter of the recent trial has been discussed. The Engineers are entirely unabl to account or explain the arrest of the Metropolitan Vickers' employees. Mr. Monkhouse said that he was absolutely satisfied that the Company's instructions that they must concern themselves only with the Metropolitan Vickers Company work and be scrupulously careful not to take part in any political matter or controversy affecting the Government and the U. S. S. R., have been faithfully observed by all staff. The company, after listening to the verbal reports of the 4 engineers, are more than ever convinced of the innocence of Messrs. Thornton and MacDonald."—B. O. W.

EMBARGO ON SOVIET GOODS

Royal Proclamation To Operate

RUGBY, April 25.

A statement on the Russian question will be made in the House of Commons by Sir John Simon to-morrow. The Royal Proclamation, which was issued last week, a few hours after the British Government had received the news of sentences passed on the British Engineers at Moscow and under which the importation of about 80 per cent. Soviet commodities, which this country latterly imported, was prohibited, takes effect as from to-morrow night.—B. O. W.

KING'S GRATIFICATION

Vickers Receive His Majesty's Message For Deported Britons

RUGBY, April 25.

This morning King through Sir Clive Wigram, sent a message expressing his gratification that the Metropolitan Vickers Company's Engineers recently on trial had returned safely to England and his hope that their two coleagues, who were still in prison at Moscow, might also soon return home.

On behalf of the Company Sir Felix Role requested Sir Clive Wigram to convey to His Majesty, the Company's dutiful thanks and warm appreciation for His gracious messages, which undertook to communicate immediately to the engineers.—B. O. W.

A Tanjore message states that the Tanjore District Board has decided to make education to students belonging to the Harijan community free.—A. P.

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